



# Data tables, 2016 Census

## Low-income Cut-offs (2), Family Low-income Status (5) and Economic Family Structure (4) for Economic Families in Private Households of Canada, Provinces and Territories, Census Divisions and Census Subdivisions, 2016 Census - 100% Data

### Data table

#### Select data categories for this table

Geography → [Geographic index](#)

Low-income cut-offs (2) <sup>1</sup>

Umiujaq, VN

Low-income cut-offs, after tax (LICO-AT)

Umiujaq, VN					
Economic family structure (4)	Family low-income status (5)				
	Total - Family low-income status <sup>2</sup>	Low-income status - not applicable <sup>3</sup>	Low-income status - applicable	In low income	Not in low income
Total - Economic family structure <sup>4</sup>	85	0	90	0	85
Couple economic families	55	0	55	0	55
Lone-parent economic families	25	0	25	0	25
Other economic families	5	0	5	0	0

### Symbol(s)

- .. not available for a specific reference period
- ... not applicable
- x suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the *Statistics Act*
- F too unreliable to be published

### Footnote(s)

<sup>1</sup> Low-income cut-offs, after tax (LICO-AT) - The Low-income cut-offs, after tax refers to an income threshold, defined using 1992 expenditure data, below which economic families or persons not in economic families would likely have devoted a larger share of their after-tax income than average to the necessities of food, shelter and clothing. More specifically, the thresholds represented income levels at which these families or persons were expected to spend 20 percentage points or more of their after-tax income than average on food, shelter and clothing. These thresholds have been adjusted to current dollars using the all-items Consumer Price Index (CPI).

The LICO-AT has 35 cut-offs varying by seven family sizes and five different sizes of area of residence to account for economies of scale and potential differences in cost of living in communities of different sizes. These thresholds are presented in Table 4.3 Low-income cut-offs, after tax (LICO-AT - 1992 base) for economic families and persons not in economic families, 2015, Dictionary, Census of Population, 2016.

When the after-tax income of an economic family member or a person not in an economic family falls below the threshold applicable to the person, the person is considered to be in low income according to LICO-AT. Since the LICO-AT threshold and family income are unique within each economic family, low-income status based on LICO-AT can also be reported for economic families.

<sup>2</sup> Low-income status - The income situation of the statistical unit in relation to a specific low-income line in a reference year. Statistical units with income that is below the low-income line are considered to be in low income.

For the 2016 Census, the reference period is the calendar year 2015 for all income variables.

- 3 The low-income concepts are not applied in the territories and in certain areas based on census subdivision type (such as Indian reserves). The existence of substantial in-kind transfers (such as subsidized housing and First Nations band housing) and sizeable barter economies or consumption from own production (such as product from hunting, farming or fishing) could make the interpretation of low-income statistics more difficult in these situations.
- 4 For more information, refer to the Census Dictionary: Economic family; Economic family structure.
- The way that economic families are classified by economic family structure depends on who is selected as the economic family reference person. For the 2016 Census, the criteria for determining who is the economic family reference person changed slightly. Data appearing in this table for 2011, 2006 or 2001, as the case may be, have been updated to reflect the 2016 procedures in order to provide comparable data for all years shown. For more information, refer to the Families Reference Guide, Census of Population, 2016.

#### Data quality note(s) – Umiujaq, VN

- **Incomplete enumeration flag**  
Default. Not applicable.
- **Short-form data quality flag**  
Global non-response rate (GNR), short-form census questionnaire: 4.2%.
- **Short-form income data quality flag**  
Default. Data quality index showing a short-form income non-response rate lower than 10%.

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Source: Statistics Canada, 2016 Census of Population, Statistics Canada Catalogue no. 98-400-X2016136.

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