Nunavik, Quebec [Inuit region] Total - Gender 65 to 74 years

Characteristics		Note	Total Indigenous identity [1]	Indigenous identity [2]	Single Indigenous responses [3]	First Nations (North American Indian)	Métis	Inuk (Inuit)	Indigenous	Indigenous responses not included elsewhere [5]	Non- Indigenous identity
Age	Total - Average age and median age for the population in private households										
Ü	- 25% sample data		500	420	420	0	0	415	0	0	80
	Average age		69.2	69.4	69.4			69.4			69
	Median age		69	69.5	69.5			69.5			67.5
Marital status	Total - Marital status for the population aged 15 years and over in private										
	households - 25% sample data		495	420	420	10	10	410	0	0	75
	Married or living common law		290	240	240	10	10	235	0	0	50
	Married		235	195	195	0	10	190	0	0	40
	Living common law		55	45	45	0	0	45	0	0	15
	Not married and not living common law		210	180	180	0	0	180	0	0	25
	Never married		95	80	80	0	0	80	0	0	15
	Separated		20	15	15	0	0	15	0	0	10
	Divorced		15	15	15	0	0	15	0	0	10
	Widowed		75	70	70	0	0	70	0	0	10
	Total - Household and family characteristics including detailed information										
characteristics	on stepfamilies for the population in private households -										
	25% sample data		500	420	420	0	0	415	0	0	80
	Married spouses and common-law partners		280	230	230	0	0	230	0	0	45
	Married spouses		225	190	190	0	0	185	0	0	35
	Common-law partners		60	40	40	0	0	45	0	0	10
	Parents in a one-parent family		95	90	90	0	0	90	0	0	0
	Parents in a one-parent family (men+)	6	25	25	25	0	0	25	0	0	0
	Parents in a one-parent family (women+)	7	65	65	65	0	0	65	0	0	0
	Total - Children in census families		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Living in†a two-parent family		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	In a non-stepfamily		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	In a stepfamily	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	In a simple stepfamily	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	In a simple stepfamily: with a stepparent (man+)	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	In a simple stepfamily: with a stepparent (woman+)	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	In a complex stepfamily	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	In a complex stepfamily: with a stepparent (man+)	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	In a complex stepfamily: with a stepparent (woman+)	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	parents		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Living in a one-parent family		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Living in a one-parent family: with a parent (man+)	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Living in a one-parent family: with a parent (woman+)	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Living with at least one grandparent and without parents		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Living with at least one grandparent and without parents: with two										
	grandparents		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Living with at least one grandparent and without parents: with one										
	grandparent		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

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	Total - Persons not in census families		125	95	95	0	0	95	0	0	30
	Foster children		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Persons living with other relatives		45	40	40	0	0	40	0	0	0
	Persons living with non-relatives only		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Persons living alone		80	55	55	0	0	55	0	0	25
Registered or Treaty	Total - Registered or Treaty Indian status for the population in private										
Indian status	households - 25% sample data	11	500	420	420	0	0	415	0	0	80
	Registered or Treaty Indian	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Not a Registered or Treaty Indian		495	415	415	0	0	415	0	0	80
Indigenous ancestry	Total - Indigenous ancestry for the population in private households -										
	25% sample data	13	500	420	420	0	0	415	0	0	80
	Indigenous ancestry (only)	14	405	400	400	0	0	395	0	0	10
	Single Indigenous ancestry (only)	15	400	395	395	0	0	390	0	0	10
	First Nations (North American Indian) single ancestry		10	10	10	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Métis single ancestry		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Inuit single ancestry		390	390	390	0	0	390	0	0	10
	Multiple Indigenous ancestries (only)	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	First Nations (North American Indian) and Métis ancestry only	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	First Nations (North American Indian) and Inuit ancestry only		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0
	Métis and Inuit ancestry only		U	U	U	U	U	U	U	0	U
	First Nations (North American Indian) and Métis and Inuit		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ancestry only		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries	17	25	20	20	0	0	15	0	0	0
	Single Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries	18	25	20	20	0	0	10	0	0	0
	First Nations (North American Indian) and non-Indigenous										
	ancestry only		10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
	Métis and non-Indigenous ancestry only		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Inuit and non-Indigenous ancestry only		15	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	Multiple Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	First Nations (North American Indian) and Métis and non-										
	Indigenous ancestry only		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	First Nations (North American Indian) and Inuit and non-										
	Indigenous ancestry only		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Métis and Inuit and non-Indigenous ancestry only		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	First Nations (North American Indian) and Métis and Inuit and										
	non-Indigenous ancestry only		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Non-Indigenous ancestry only	20	70	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	70
Indigenous ancestry	households - 25% sample data	21	500	420	420	0	0	415	0	0	80
responses	North American Indigenous origins		425	415	415	0	0	410	0	0	10
•	North American Indigenous, n.o.s.	22	10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	First Nations (North American Indian) origins		15	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	10
	First Nations (North American Indian), n.o.s.	23	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Abenaki	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Anishinaabe origins		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Anishinaabe, n.o.s.	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Algonquin	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Odawa		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Ojibway		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Oji-Cree		0		· ·			•			
	Potawatomi		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Saulteaux	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Anishinaabe origins, n.i.e.	25	0	0	U	0	0	0	0	0	0

Apache		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Atikamekw		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blackfoot origins		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blackfoot, n.o.s.	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blood (Kainai)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Piikani		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Siksika		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blackfoot origins, n.i.e.	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cherokee		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cheyenne		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Choctaw		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cree origins		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cree, n.o.s.	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Moose Cree	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Plains Cree		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Swampy Cree		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
**		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Woodland Cree	20									
Cree origins, n.i.e.	29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Delaware (Lenape)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dene origins	20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dene, n.o.s.	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Beaver (Dunne-za)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Carrier (Dakelh)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chilcotin (Tsilhqot'in)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chipewyan (Denesuline)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dene Tha' (Slavey)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gwich'in		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kaska		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Saht' (North Slavey)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tahltan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tlicho (Dogrib)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tlingit		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tse'khene (Sekani)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tsuut'ina (Sarcee)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tutchone		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wet'suwet'en		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dene origins, n.i.e.	31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gitxsan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Haida		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Haisla		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heiltsuk		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Huron (Wendat)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Innu origins		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
Innu/Montagnais, n.o.s.	32	10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
Naskapi		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iroquoian (Haudenosaunee) origins		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iroquois (Haudenosaunee), n.o.s.	33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cayuga		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mohawk		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oneida		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tuscarora		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iroquoian (Haudenosaunee) origins, n.i.e.	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ktunaxa (Kutenai)	54	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Trunusu (Trucilui)		U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U

Kwakwaka'wakw origins		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kwakwaka'wakw, n.o.s.	35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kwakiutl		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Laich-kwil-tach		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
'Namgis		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Quatsino		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kwakwaka'wakw origins, n.i.e.	36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Maliseet		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mi'kmaq origins		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mi'kmaq, n.o.s.	37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Qalipu Mi'kmaq		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Navajo		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nisga'a		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nuu-chah-nulth origins		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nuu-chah-nulth, n.o.s.	38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ahousaht	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ditidaht		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tla-o-qui-aht		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tseshaht		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nuu-chah-nulth origins, n.i.e. Nuxalk	39									
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Passamaquoddy		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Salish origins	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Salish, n.o.s.	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Coast Salish origins		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Coast Salish, n.o.s.	41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chemainus (Stz'uminus)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cowichan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Homalco		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Musqueam		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Penelakut		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ShÌsh·lh (Sechelt)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Snuneymuxw		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Squamish		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
StÛ:lo		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WS;NEC (Saanich)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Coast Salish origins, n.i.e.	42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Interior Salish origins		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Interior Salish, n.o.s.	43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nlaka'pamux (Thompson)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Okanagan (Syilx)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Secwepemc (Shuswap)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
St'at'imc (Lillooet)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Interior Salish origins, n.i.e.	44	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Siouan origins		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sioux, n.o.s.	45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assiniboine		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dakota		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lakota		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stoney (Nakoda)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tsimshian		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wuikinuxv		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
First Nations (North American Indian) origins, n.i.e.	46	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(10	3	9	3	3	3	9	3	•	· ·

	Inuit origins		410	405	400	0	0	400	0	0	10
	Inuit, n.o.s.	47	410	405	405	0	0	405	0	0	10
	Inuvialuit		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Inuit origins, n.i.e.	48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Métis		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Non-Indigenous origins		95	20	20	0	0	15	0	0	75
	Total - Knowledge of official languages for the population in private										
languages	households - 25% sample data	49	500	420	415	0	0	415	0	0	80
	English only		385	360	360	0	0	360	0	0	25
	French only		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	English and French		80	25	25	10	0	20	0	0	55
	Neither English nor French		30	30	30	0	0	30	0	0	0
First official language	Total - First official language spoken for the population in private										
spoken	households - 25% sample data	50	500	420	415	0	0	415	0	0	80
	English	30	410	365	365	0	0	365	0	0	45
	French		35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30
	English and French		15	15	15	0	0	15	0	0	0
	Neither English nor French		30	30	30	0	0	30	0	0	0
Indigenous mother	Total - Indigenous mother tongue for the population in private households -		30	30	30	U	U	30	Ü	Ü	O
tongue	25% sample data	51	500	420	415	0	0	415	0	0	80
toligue	Official languages	31	90	15	15	0	0	15	0	0	70
			55	20	20	0	0		0	0	45
	English			0	0	0	0	15	0	0	
	French		35			-		0			30
	Non-official languages	50	415	405	405	0	0	400	0	0	10
	Indigenous languages	52	410	400	400	0	0	400	0	0	0
	Algonquian languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blackfoot		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cree-Innu languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Atikamekw		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cree languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Ililimowin (Moose Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Inu Ayimun (Southern East Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Iyiyiw-Ayimiwin (Northern East Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Nehinawewin (Swampy Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Nehiyawewin (Plains Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Nihithawiwin (Woods Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cree, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Innu (Montagnais)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Naskapi		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Eastern Algonquian languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Mi'kmaq		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Wolastoqewi (Malecite)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Ojibway-Potawatomi languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Anicinabemowin (Algonquin)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Oji-Cree		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Ojibway languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Anishinaabemowin (Chippewa)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Daawaamwin (Odawa)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Saulteau (Western Ojibway)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Ojibway, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Algonquian languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Athabaskan languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

		_			_	_	_	_	_
Northern Athabaskan languages Dakelh (Carrier)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dakein (Carrier) Dane-zaa (Beaver)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dene, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gwich'in	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Slavey-Hare languages									
Deh Gah Ghotie Zhatie (South Slavey)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Satuotine Yati (North Slavey) Slavey, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
•	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tahltan languages Kaska (Nahani)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tahltan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tlicho (Dogrib)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tse'khene (Sekani)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tsilhqot'in (Chilcotin)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tsuu T'ina (Sarsi)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tutchone languages Northern Tutchone	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern Tutchone	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tutchone, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wetsuwet'en-Babine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tlingit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Athabaskan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Adida	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
nuktut (Inuit) languages	410	405	400	0	0	400	0	0	10
Inuinnaqtun (Inuvialuktun)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inuinnaqtun	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inuvialuktun	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inuktitut	410	405	400	0	0	400	0	0	10
Inuktut (Inuit) languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
roquoian languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cayuga	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mohawk	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oneida	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iroquoian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ktunaxa (Kutenai)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Aichif	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Salish languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Halkomelem	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lillooet	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ntlakapamux (Thompson)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Secwepemctsin (Shuswap)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Squamish	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Straits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Syilx (Okanagan)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Salish languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Siouan languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assiniboine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dakota	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stoney	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
			-	•	-	•			
•	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Siouan languages, n.i.e. Tsimshian languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Nisga'a		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tsimshian		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wakashan languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Haisla		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heiltsuk		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kwak'wala (Kwakiutl)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		0	0	0		0		0	0	
Nuu-chah-nulth (Nootka)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wakashan languages, n.i.e.		-	-	-	0	0	0	-	-	0
Indigenous languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0			0	0	
Indigenous languages, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Non-Indigenous languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
Indigenous languages Total - Indigenous languages spoken at home for the population in private	50	500	120	415	0	0	41.5	0	0	0.0
spoken at home households - 25% sample data	53	500	420	415	0	0	415	0	0	80
Official languages		175	105	105	0	0	100	0	0	70
English		155	100	100	0	0	100	0	0	45
French		35	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	30
Non-official languages		420	400	400	0	0	400	0	0	20
Indigenous languages	52	420	400	400	0	0	400	0	0	20
Algonquian languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blackfoot		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cree-Innu languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Atikamekw		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cree languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ililimowin (Moose Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inu Ayimun (Southern East Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iyiyiw-Ayimiwin (Northern East Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nehinawewin (Swampy Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nehiyawewin (Plains Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nihithawiwin (Woods Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cree, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Innu (Montagnais)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Naskapi		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Eastern Algonquian languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mi'kmaq		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wolastoqewi (Malecite)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ojibway-Potawatomi languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Anicinabemowin (Algonquin)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oji-Cree		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ojibway languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Anishinaabemowin (Chippewa)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Daawaamwin (Odawa)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Saulteau (Western Ojibway)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ojibway, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Algonquian languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Athabaskan languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern Athabaskan languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dakelh (Carrier)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dane-zaa (Beaver)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dene, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gwich'in		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Slavey-Hare languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Deh Gah Ghotie Zhatie (South Slavey)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Satuotine Yati (North Slavey)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

		_	_	_		_	_	_	
Slavey, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tahltan languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kaska (Nahani)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tahltan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tlicho (Dogrib)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tse'khene (Sekani)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tsilhqot'in (Chilcotin)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tsuu Tina (Sarsi)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tutchone languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern Tutchone	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern Tutchone	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tutchone, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wetsuwet'en-Babine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tlingit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Athabaskan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Haida	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inuktut (Inuit) languages	420	400	395	0	0	395	0	0	20
Inuinnaqtun (Inuvialuktun)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inuinnaqtun	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inuvialuktun	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inuktitut	420	400	395	0	0	395	0	0	20
Inuktut (Inuit) languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iroquoian languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cayuga	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mohawk	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oneida	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iroquoian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ktunaxa (Kutenai)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Michif	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Salish languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Halkomelem	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lillooet	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ntlakapamux (Thompson)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Secwepemctsin (Shuswap)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Squamish	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Straits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Syilx (Okanagan)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Salish languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Siouan languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assiniboine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dakota	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stoney	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Siouan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tsimshian languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gitxsan (Gitksan)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nisga'a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tsimshian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wakashan languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Haisla	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heiltsuk	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kwak'wala (Kwakiutl)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nuu-chah-nulth (Nootka)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wakashan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

	Indigenous languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Indigenous languages, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TZ 1 1 C	Non-Indigenous languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Knowledge of	Total - Knowledge of Indigenous languages for the population in private	- 1	500	420	41.5	0	0	41.5	0	0	0.0
Indigenous languages	households - 25% sample data	54	500	420	415	0	0	415	0	0	80
	Official languages		460	385	385	0	0	375	0	0	80
	English		460	385	385	0	0	375	0	0	80
	French		80	25	25	10	0	20	0	0	55
	Non-official languages		445	415	410	0	0	415	0	0	30
	Indigenous languages	52	440	415	415	0	0	415	0	0	25
	Algonquian languages		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	Blackfoot		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cree-Innu languages		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	Atikamekw		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cree languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Ililimowin (Moose Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Inu Ayimun (Southern East Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Iyiyiw-Ayimiwin (Northern East Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Nehinawewin (Swampy Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Nehiyawewin (Plains Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Nihithawiwin (Woods Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cree, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Innu (Montagnais)		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	Naskapi		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Eastern Algonquian languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Mi'kmaq		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Wolastoqewi (Malecite)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Ojibway-Potawatomi languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Anicinabemowin (Algonquin)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Oji-Cree		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Ojibway languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Anishinaabemowin (Chippewa)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Daawaamwin (Odawa)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Saulteau (Western Ojibway)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Ojibway, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Algonquian languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Athabaskan languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Northern Athabaskan languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Dakelh (Carrier)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Dane-zaa (Beaver)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Dene, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Gwich'in		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Slavey-Hare languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Deh Gah Ghotie Zhatie (South Slavey)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Satuotine Yati (North Slavey)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Slavey, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Tahltan languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Kaska (Nahani)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Tahltan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Tlicho (Dogrib)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Tse'khene (Sekani)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Tsilhqot'in (Chilcotin)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Tsuu T'ina (Sarsi)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Tutal l		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tutchone languages Northern Tutchone		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern Tutchone		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tutchone, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
		0								
Wetsuwet'en-Babine		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0
Tlingit		0				-				
Athabaskan languages, n.i.e.		-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Haida		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inuktut (Inuit) languages		435	410	410	0	-	410	0	0	25
Inuinnaqtun (Inuvialuktun)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inuinnaqtun		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inuvialuktun		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inuktitut		435	410	410	0	0	410	0	0	25
Inuktut (Inuit) languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iroquoian languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cayuga		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mohawk		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oneida		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iroquoian languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ktunaxa (Kutenai)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Michif		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Salish languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Halkomelem		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lillooet		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ntlakapamux (Thompson)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Secwepemctsin (Shuswap)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Squamish		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Straits		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Syilx (Okanagan)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Salish languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Siouan languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assiniboine		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dakota		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stoney		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Siouan languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tsimshian languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gitxsan (Gitksan)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nisga'a		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tsimshian		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wakashan languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Haisla		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heiltsuk		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kwak'wala (Kwakiutl)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nuu-chah-nulth (Nootka)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wakashan languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Indigenous languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Indigenous languages, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Non-Indigenous languages		10	10	10	0	0	0	0	0	10
Total - Religion for the population in private households - 25% sample data	55	500	420	415	0	0	415	0	0	80
Buddhist		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Christian		440	390	385	0	0	380	0	0	50
Christian, n.o.s.	56	25	20	20	0	0	20	0	0	0

Religion

	Anabaptist		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Anglican		345	335	335	0	0	330	0	0	15
	Baptist		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Catholic		30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	30
	Christian Orthodox		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Jehovah's Witness		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Latter Day Saints		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Lutheran		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Methodist and Wesleyan (Holiness)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Pentecostal and other Charismatic		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	Presbyterian		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Reformed		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	United Church		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Other Christian and Christian-related traditions		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	Hindu		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Jewish		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Muslim		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Sikh		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Traditional (North American Indigenous) spirituality		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Other religions and spiritual traditions										
3.6.1.22	No religion and secular perspectives		50	30	30	0	0	30	0	0	25
Mobility status	Total - Mobility status 1 year ago for the population aged 1 year and over in		40.5					44.0			
	private households - 25% sample data	57	495	415	415	0	0	410	0	0	80
	Non-movers		475	400	400	0	0	390	0	0	75
	Movers		20	20	20	0	0	20	0	0	10
	Non-migrants		20	20	20	0	0	20	0	0	10
	Migrants		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Internal migrants		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Intraprovincial migrants		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Interprovincial migrants		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	External migrants		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total - Mobility status 5 years ago for the population aged 5 years and over										
	in private households - 25% sample data	58	495	420	415	0	0	410	0	0	80
	Non-movers		420	355	355	0	0	355	0	0	65
	Movers		80	65	60	0	0	60	0	0	15
	Non-migrants		70	55	60	0	0	60	0	0	15
	Migrants		10	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	10
	Internal migrants		10	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	10
	Intraprovincial migrants		10	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	10
	Interprovincial migrants		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	External migrants		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0 1 (1:1)	5		U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Secondary (high)	Total - Secondary (high) school diploma or equivalency certificate for the										
school diploma or	population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	59	495	415	415	10	10	410	0	0	75
equivalency certificate	No high school diploma or equivalency certificate No high school diploma or equivalency certificate, no postsecondary		330	315	315	0	0	315	0	0	20
	certificate, diploma or degree		305	290	290	0	0	290	0	0	20
	No high school diploma or equivalency certificate, with postsecondary		505	290	230	U	U	230	U	J	20
						_	_		_		_
	certificate or diploma	60	25	25	20	0	0	20	0	0	0
	With high school diploma or equivalency certificate	61	165	105	105	10	10	100	0	0	60
	With high school diploma or equivalency certificate, no postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree		65	50	50	0	0	50	0	0	15
	certificate, dipiona of degree		03	30	50	U	U	30	U	J	13

With high school diploma or equivalency certificate, with										
postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	62	100	55	55	10	0	50	0	0	45
	59	495	415	415	10	10	410	0	0	75
		305	290	290	0	0	290	0	0	20
	63							0		15
								0		45
								0		20
*								0		10
•• •	64							-		0
					-			-		10
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30.16 Accounting and computer science		0	0	0	0		0	0		0
44. Public administration and social service professions		0	10	10	0		10	0		0
52. Business, management, marketing and related support services		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
Physical and life sciences and technologies		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26. Biological and biomedical sciences		0		-	0			0		0
30.01 Biological and physical sciences		0		0	0			0		0
30C Other interdisciplinary physical and life sciences	72	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total - Highest certificate, diploma or degree for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data No certificate, diploma or degree High (secondary) school diploma or equivalency certificate Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree Postsecondary certificate or diploma below bachelor level Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma Non-apprenticeship trades certificate or diploma Apprenticeship certificate or diploma Apprenticeship certificate or diploma below bachelor level College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma University certificate or diploma below bachelor level Bachelor's degree University certificate or diploma above bachelor level Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine or optometry Master's degree Earned doctorate Total - Major field of study - Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) 2021 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree Education 13. Education Visual and performing arts, and communications technologies 10. Communications technologies/technicians and support services 50. Visual and performing arts Humanities 16. Indigenous and foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics 23. English language and literature/letters 24. Liberal arts and sciences, general studies and humanities 30.A Interdisciplinary humanities 33. Philosophy and religious vocations 54. History 55. French language and literature/lettersCAN Social and behavioural sciences and law 05. Area, ethnic, cultural, gender, and group studies 09. Communication, journalism and related programs 19. Family and consumer sciences/human sciences 22. Legal professions and studies 30B Interdisciplinary social and behavioural sciences 42. Psychology 45. Social sciences Business, management and public administration 30.16 Accounting and computer science 44. Public administration and social service professions 52. Business, management, marketing and related support services Physica	Total - Highest certificate, diploma or degree for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data No certificate, diploma or degree High (secondary) school diploma or equivalency certificate Postsecondary certificate or diploma below bachelor level Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma Non-apprenticeship trades certificate or diploma Non-apprenticeship certificate College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma University certificate or diploma below bachelor level Bachelor's degree or higher Bachelor's degree University certificate or diploma above bachelor level Bachelor's degree University certificate or diploma above bachelor level Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine or optometry Master's degree Larned doctorate Total - Major field of study - Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) 2021 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree Education 13. Education Visual and performing arts, and communications technologies 10. Communications technologies/technicians and support services 50. Visual and performing arts Humanities 16. Indigenous and foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics 23. English language and literature/letters 24. Liberal arts and sciences, general studies and humanities 30.A Interdisciplinary humanities 39. Theology and religious studies 39. Theology and religious studies 39. Theology and religious studies 30. Largel professions and studies 30. Interdisciplinary social and behavioural sciences 21. Legal professions and studies 30B Interdisciplinary social and behavioural sciences 22. Legal professions and studies 30B Interdisciplinary social and behavioural sciences 42. Psychology 45. Social sciences Business, management and public administration 30.16 Accounting and computer sciences Physical and life sciences and technologies 26. Biological and physical sciences 30.01 Biological and p	Total - Highest certificate, diploma or degree for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data 59 No certificate, diploma or degree 3305 High (secondary) school diploma or equivalency certificate 63 Postsecondary certificate or diploma or degree 125 Postsecondary certificate or diploma below bachelor level 85 Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma 64 Apprenticeship trades certificate or diploma 64 Non-apprenticeship trades certificate or diploma 65 Apprenticeship or tother non-university certificate or diploma 66 College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma 66 Ziniversity certificate or diploma below bachelor level 20 Bachelor's degree or higher 40 Bachelor's degree 155 University certificate or diploma below bachelor level 0 Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine or optometry 0 Master's degree 10 Earned doctorate 67 Total - Major field of study - Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP) 10 2021 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data 68 No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree 69 Sinsulation 13. Education 40 13. Education 40 Visual and performing arts, and communications technologies 10 10. Communications technologies/technicians and support services 0 50. Visual and performing arts 10 11. Indigenous and foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics 10 12. English language and literature/letters 10 23. English language and literature/letters 10 24. Liberal arts and sciences, general studies and humanities 10 30A Interdisciplinary humanities 10 30A Interdisciplinary humanities 10 30A Interdisciplinary social and behavioural sciences 10 30B Interdisc	Total - Highest certificate, diploma or degree for the population aged 15	Total - Highest certificate, diploma or degree for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	Total - Highest certificate, diploma or degree for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	Variable Variable	Total - Highest certificate, diploma or degree for the population aged 15	Total - Highest certificate, diploma or degree for the population aged 15	Toul - Highest certificates, diploma or degree for the population aged 15 No certificates, diploma or degree No certificates, diploma or degree Righ (secondary certificate) show of degree Postsecondary certificate or diploma below backelor level Rose agent certificate or diploma Rose agent certificate or diploma below backelor level Rose agent certificate or diploma above backelor level Rose agent certificate or diploma developed to the cert

	40. Physical sciences		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	41. Science technologies/technicians		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Mathematics, computer and information sciences		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	11. Computer and information sciences and support services		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	25. Library science		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	27. Mathematics and statistics		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	30D Interdisciplinary mathematics, computer and information sciences	73	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Architecture, engineering, and related trades	13	20	15	10	0	0	15	0	0	10
	04. Architecture and related services		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	14. Engineering		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	15. Engineering/engineering-related technologies/technicians		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	30.12 Historic preservation and conservation		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	46. Construction trades		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	47. Mechanic and repair technologies/technicians		10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	• •		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	48. Precision production		0	-		0			0		0
	Agriculture, natural resources and conservation		U	0	0	U	0	0	U	0	0
	01. Agricultural and veterinary sciences/services/operations and	7.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	related fields	74	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	03. Natural resources and conservation		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0
	Health and related fields		0	0	0	0	0	0	0		10
	30.37 Design for human health		0	0	0	-	0	0	•	0	0
	31. Parks, recreation, leisure, fitness, and kinesiology	7.4	O	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	51. Health professions and related programs	74	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
	60. Health professions residency/fellowship programs		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	61. Medical residency/fellowship programs		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Personal, protective and transportation services		15	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	10
	12. Culinary, entertainment, and personal services		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	28. Military science, leadership and operational art		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	29. Military technologies and applied sciences		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	43. Security and protective services		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	49. Transportation and materials moving		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
T 1 C	Other	75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Labour force status	Total - Labour force status for the population aged 15 years and over in	7.0	405	415	415	10	10	410	0	0	75
	private households - 25% sample data	76	495	415	415	10	10	410	0	0	75
	In the labour force		165	105	105	0	0	105	0	0	60
	Employed		155	100	100	0	0	95	0	0	60
	Unemployed		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	-	0
	Not in the labour force		330	310	310	0	0	305	0	0	20
	Participation rate		33.3	25.3	25.3	0	0	25.6	0	0	80
	Employment rate		31.3	24.1	24.1	0	0	23.2	0	0	80
Cl. C. I	Unemployment rate		6.1	9.5	9.5	0	0	9.5	0	0	0
Class of worker	Total - Class of worker for the labour force population aged 15 years and	77	1.65	105	105	0	0	105	0	0	
	over in private households - 25% sample data	77	165	105	105	0	0	105	0	0	55
	Class of worker - not applicable	78	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	All classes of worker	79	160	105	105	0	0	100	0	0	55
	Employee	0.0	150	100	100	0	0	95	0	0	55
	Self-employed	80	10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
Occupation	Total - Labour force aged 15 years and over by occupation - Broad category -										
	National Occupational Classification (NOC) 2021 - 25% sample data	81	165	105	105	0	0	105	0	0	55
	Occupation - not applicable	78	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	All occupations	79	160	105	105	0	0	100	0	0	55
	Legislative and senior management occupations		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0

	1D ' C' 1 1 ' ' () ()		25	1.5	1.5		0	1.5	0		10
	1 Business, finance and administration occupations		25	15	15	0	0	15	0	0	10
	2 Natural and applied sciences and related occupations		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	3 Health occupations		10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	4 Occupations in education, law and social, community and					_	_		_	_	
	government services		40	15	15	0	0	15	0	0	25
	5 Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport		20	15	15	0	0	15	0	0	0
	6 Sales and service occupations		20	15	15	0	0	10	0	0	0
	7 Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations		40	30	30	0	0	25	0	0	10
	8 Natural resources, agriculture and related production occupations		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	9 Occupations in manufacturing and utilities		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Industry	Total - Labour force aged 15 years and over by industry - Sectors -										
	North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 2017 -										
	25% sample data	82	165	105	105	0	0	105	0	0	55
	Industry - not applicable	78	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	All industries	79	160	105	105	0	0	100	0	0	55
	11 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	"	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	21 Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	22 Utilities		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	10
	23 Construction		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	31-33 Manufacturing		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	<u> </u>				9		0	Ü			
	41 Wholesale trade		10	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0
	44-45 Retail trade		10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	48-49 Transportation and warehousing		0	10	10	0	0	0	0	0	0
	51 Information and cultural industries		0	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	52 Finance and insurance		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	53 Real estate and rental and leasing		10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	54 Professional, scientific and technical services		10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
	55 Management of companies and enterprises		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	56 Administrative and support, waste management and remediation										
	services		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	61 Educational services		30	15	15	0	0	15	0	0	10
	62 Health care and social assistance		25	20	20	0	0	20	0	0	0
	71 Arts, entertainment and recreation		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	72 Accommodation and food services		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	81 Other services (except public administration)		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	91 Public administration		40	25	25	0	0	25	0	0	15
Work activity during	Total - Work activity during the reference year for the population aged										
the reference year	15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	83	495	420	415	0	0	410	0	0	80
	Did not work	84	315	290	290	0	0	285	0	0	20
	Worked		185	125	125	0	0	125	0	0	55
	Worked full time	85	140	90	90	0	0	85	0	0	50
	Worked full year, full time	0.5	120	80	80	0	0	75	0	0	45
	Worked part year, full time		20	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	10
	Worked part time Worked part time	86	45	40	40	0	0	35	0	0	10
	•	80	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Worked full year, part time Worked part year, part time		35	35	35	0	0	30	0	0	0
D1 6 1	Average weeks worked in reference year		43.8	42	42	•••		42		•••	48
Place of work status	Total - Place of work status for the employed labour force aged 15 years and	05	1	o =	6.7	10	_	6.7	•	_	
	over in private households - 25% sample data	87	155	95	95	10	0	95	0	0	55
	Worked at home		15	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	10
	Worked outside Canada		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	No fixed workplace address		10	10	10	0	0	0	0	0	0

	Usual place of work		135	90	90	10	0	85	0	0	45
Commuting	Total - Commuting destination for the employed labour force aged 15 years										
destination	and over with a usual place of work - 25% sample data	88	135	85	85	0	0	85	0	0	45
	Commute within census subdivision (CSD) of residence		120	80	80	0	0	75	0	0	45
	Commute to a different census subdivision (CSD) within census division										
	(CD) of residence		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	10
	Commute to a different census subdivision (CSD) and census division										
	(CD) within province										
	or territory of residence		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Commute to a different province or territory		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Main mode of	Total - Main mode of commuting for the employed labour force aged 15										
commuting	years and over with a usual place of work or no fixed workplace address -										
	25% sample data	89	140	90	90	10	0	90	0	0	50
	Car, truck or van		100	60	60	10	0	60	0	0	35
	Car, truck or van - as a driver		85	50	50	10	0	45	0	0	35
	Car, truck or van - as a passenger		15	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	Public transit		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Walked		25	15	15	0	0	15	0	0	10
	Bicycle		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Other method		20	15	15	0	0	15	0	0	0
All languages used at	Total - All languages used at work for the population in private households										
work	aged 15 years and over who worked since January 1, 2020 -										
	25% sample data	90	190	130	130	10	0	125	0	0	60
	English		35	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	25
	French		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Non-official language		30	30	30	0	0	30	0	0	0
	Indigenous	52	30	30	30	0	0	30	0	0	0
	Non-Indigenous		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	English and French		25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	25
	English and non-official language(s)		85	80	80	0	0	80	0	0	10
	French and non-official language(s)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	English, French and non-official language(s)		10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Multiple non-official languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Indigenous languages	Total - Indigenous languages used at work for the population aged 15 years										
used at work	and over who worked since January 1, 2020, in private households -										
	25% sample data	91	190	130	130	10	0	125	0	0	60
	Official languages		160	100	100	10	0	100	0	0	60
	English		155	100	100	10	0	100	0	0	55
	French		35	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	30
	Non-official languages		125	115	115	0	0	115	0	0	10
	Indigenous languages	52	125	115	115	0	0	115	0	0	10
	Algonquian languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blackfoot		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cree-Innu languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Atikamekw		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cree languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Ililimowin (Moose Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Inu Ayimun (Southern East Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Iyiyiw-Ayimiwin (Northern East Cree)		0	0		0	0	0	0		0
	Nehinawewin (Swampy Cree) Nehiyawewin (Plains Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
	Nihithawiwin (Woods Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Minimawiwiii (Woods Ciee)		U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U

Cree, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Innu (Montagnais)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Naskapi	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Eastern Algonquian languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mi'kmaq	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wolastoqewi (Malecite)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ojibway-Potawatomi languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Anicinabemowin (Algonquin)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oji-Cree	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ojibway languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Anishinaabemowin (Chippewa)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Daawaamwin (Odawa)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Saulteau (Western Ojibway)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ojibway, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Algonquian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Athabaskan languages Athabaskan languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern Athabaskan languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dakelh (Carrier)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dane-zaa (Beaver)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dene, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gwich'in	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Slavey-Hare languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Deh Gah Ghotie Zhatie (South Slavey)	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
	0	0	0	0		0	0	0	
Satuotine Yati (North Slavey)		0	0	0	0				0
Slavey, n.o.s.	0				0	0	0	0	0
Tahltan languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tlicho (Dogrib)		0				0		0	
Tse'khene (Sekani)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tsilhqot'in (Chilcotin)									0
Tsuu T'ina (Sarsi)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tutchone languages									
Northern Tutchone	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern Tutchone	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tutchone, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wetsuwet'en-Babine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tlingit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Athabaskan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Haida	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inuktut (Inuit) languages	125	115	115	0	0	115	0	0	10
Inuinnaqtun (Inuvialuktun)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inuinnaqtun	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inuvialuktun	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inuktitut	125	115	115	0	0	115	0	0	10
Inuktut (Inuit) languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iroquoian languages	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	0
Mohawk	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oneida	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iroquoian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ktunaxa (Kutenai)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Michif	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Salish languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Halkomelem	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lillooet	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

	Ntlakapamux (Thompson)		0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Secwepemctsin (Shuswap)		0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Squamish		0	0 0		0	0	0	0	0
	Straits		0	0 0		0	0	0	0	0
	Syilx (Okanagan)		0	0 0		0	0	0	0	0
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		0	0 0		0	0	0	0	0
	Salish languages, n.i.e.		•	0			0	Ü	0	0
	Siouan languages		0	0		0	Ü	0	-	
	Assiniboine		0	0 0		0	0	0	0	0
	Dakota		0	0 0		0	0	0	0	0
	Stoney		0	0 0		0	0	0	0	0
	Siouan languages, n.i.e.		0	0 0		0	0	0	0	0
	Tsimshian languages		0	0 0		0	0	0	0	0
	Gitxsan (Gitksan)		0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Nisga'a		0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Tsimshian		0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Wakashan languages		0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Haisla		0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Heiltsuk		0	0 0		0	0	0	0	0
	Kwak'wala (Kwakiutl)		0	0 0	-	0	0	0	0	0
	Nuu-chah-nulth (Nootka)		0	0 0		0	0	0	0	0
	Wakashan languages, n.i.e.		0	0 0		0	0	0	0	0
			0	0 0		0	0	0		
	Indigenous languages, n.i.e.		-	-			-	-	0	0
	Indigenous languages, n.o.s.		0	0 0		0	0	0	0	0
	Non-Indigenous languages		0	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Income statistics for	Total - Income statistics in 2020 for the population aged 15 years and over									
individuals	in private households - 25% sample data	92 50	00 42	20 420	0	0	415	0	0	80
	Number of total income recipients aged 15 years and over in private									
	households in 2020 - 25% sample data	49	95 41	5 415	0	0	410	0	0	80
	Median total income in 2020 among recipients (\$)	4320	00 4160	00 41600			41600			85000
	Average total income in 2020 among recipients (\$)	5680	00 4980	00 49800			49800			96000
	Number of after-tax income recipients aged 15 years and over in private									
	households in 2020 - 25% sample data	4	95 4:	5 415	0	0	410	0	0	80
	Median after-tax income in 2020 among recipients (\$)	404					38400			69500
	Average after-tax income in 2020 among recipients (\$)	474				•••	42800			72000
	Number of market income recipients aged 15 years and over in private	.,	.20	.2000			.2000			,2000
	households in 2020 - 25% sample data	40	90 4	0 410	0	0	405	0	0	75
	Median market income in 2020 among recipients (\$)	2080					16400			78000
	Average market income in 2020 among recipients (\$)	3920							•••	84000
	5 · · · · ·	392	5100	31100			31100			84000
	Number of employment income recipients aged 15 years and over in						225			
	private households in 2020 - 25% sample data		95 24			0	235	0	0	55
	Median employment income in 2020 among recipients (\$)	368					25800			95000
	Average employment income in 2020 among recipients (\$)	496	00 3920	00 39200			39600			96000
	Number of government transfers recipients aged 15 years and over in									
	private households in 2020 - 25% sample data	4	60 39			0	390	0	0	65
	Median government transfers in 2020 among recipients (\$)	196	00 2020	00 20200			20200			14200
	Average government transfers in 2020 among recipients (\$)	1930	00 2000	00 19900			19900			15600
	Number of employment insurance benefits recipients aged 15 years and									
	over in private households in 2020 - 25% sample data		10	0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Median employment insurance benefits in 2020 among recipients (\$)									
	Average employment insurance benefits in 2020 among recipients (\$)	80					•••			•••
	Number of COVID-19 emergency and recovery benefits recipients aged	00		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
	15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 25% sample data		25 11	10 127	_	_	105	•	_	_
	15 Jours and over in private nouseholds in 2020 - 25 /0 sample data	13	35 13	30 125	0	0	125	0	0	0

	M-4: COVID 10										
	Median COVID-19 emergency and recovery benefits in 2020 among recipients (\$)		6000	6000	6000			6000			
	Average COVID-19 emergency and recovery benefits in 2020 among		0000	0000	0000			0000			
	recipients (\$)		7900	8000	7900			7900			
Employment income	Total - Employment income statistics in 2020 for the population aged 15										
statistics for earners	years and over in private households - 25% sample data	93	500	420	420	0	0	415	0	0	80
	Number of employment income recipients in 2020 who worked full-year										
	full-time in 2020 - 25% sample data	94	115	70	70	0	0	70	0	0	40
	Median employment income in 2020 for full-year full-time workers in										
	2020 (\$)	95	78500	58000	58000			58000			107000
	Average employment income in 2020 for full-year full-time workers in										
	2020 (\$)	96	84000	72000	72000			72000			108000
	Number of employment income recipients in 2020 who worked part-year										
	or part-time in 2020 - 25% sample data	97	50	35	35	0	0	30	0	0	10
	Median employment income in 2020 of those who worked part-year or										
	part-time in 2020 (\$)		33600	27600	27600			27600			X
	Average employment income in 2020 of those who worked part-year										
	or part-time in 2020 (\$)		46000	36000	36000			36000			80000
Composition of total	Composition of total income in 2020 of the population aged 15 years and										
income	over in private households (%) - 25% sample data	98	100	100	100			100			100
	Market income (%)	99	68.5	62	62			62			85
	Employment income (%)	100	52	45	45			45			72
	Government transfers (%)	101	31.8	38	38	•••		38			14
	Employment insurance benefits (%)		0.2								
	COVID-19 - Government income support and benefits (%)		4.6	5.8	5.8			5.8			0.9
	COVID-19 - Emergency and recovery benefits (%)		3.8	4.8	4.8			4.8			
Total income groups	Total - Total income groups in 2020 for the population aged 15 years and	400	7 00	120	400						
	over in private households - 25% sample data	102	500	420	420	0	0	415	0	0	80
	Without total income		10	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0
	With total income		495	415	415	0	0	410		0	80
	Under \$10,000 (including loss) \$10,000 to \$19,999		10 35	0 35	0 35	0	0	0 35	0	0	0
	\$20,000 to \$29,999		105	95	95	0	0	95	0	0	0
	\$30,000 to \$39,999		70	60	60	0	0	60	0	0	10
	\$40,000 to \$49,999		70	70	70	0	0	70	0	0	0
	\$50,000 to \$59,999		35	30	30	0	0	30	0	0	0
	\$60,000 to \$69,999		35	30	30	0	0	30	0	0	0
	\$70,000 to \$79,999		30	20	20	0	0	20	0	0	10
	\$80,000 to \$89,999		30	15	15	0	0	15	0	0	10
	\$90,000 to \$99,999		20	15	15	0	0	15	0	0	0
	\$100,000 and over		60	30	30	0	0	30	0	0	30
	\$100,000 to \$149,999		35	25	25	0	0	25	0	0	15
	\$150,000 and over		25	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	15
After-tax income	Total - After-tax income groups in 2020 for the population aged 15 years										
groups	and over in private households - 25% sample data	103	500	420	420	0	0	415	0	0	80
	Without after-tax income		10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	With after-tax income		495	415	415	0	0	410	0	0	80
	Under \$10,000 (including loss)		10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	\$10,000 to \$19,999		40	40	40	0	0	40	0	0	0
	\$20,000 to \$29,999		105	105	105	0	0	100	0	0	10
	\$30,000 to \$39,999		85	75	75	0	0	80	0	0	10
	\$40,000 to \$49,999		75	70	70	0	0	70	0	0	10

	\$50,000 \ \$50,000					_	_		_	_	
	\$50,000 to \$59,999		45	45	40	0	0	40	0	0	0
	\$60,000 to \$69,999		40	35	35	0	0	35	0	0	10
	\$70,000 to \$79,999		30	20	20	0	0	20	0	0	10
	\$80,000 to \$89,999		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	\$90,000 to \$99,999		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	10
	\$100,000 and over		35	15	15	0	0	15	0	0	25
Employment income	Total - Employment income groups in 2020 for the population aged 15 years										
groups	and over in private households - 25% sample data	93	500	420	420	0	0	415	0	0	80
	Without employment income		205	180	180	0	0	180	0	0	25
	With employment income		295	240	240	0	0	235	0	0	55
	Under \$5,000 (including loss)		65	60	60	0	0	60	0	0	10
	\$5,000 to \$9,999		15	15	15	0	0	15	0	0	0
	\$10,000 to \$19,999		30	30	30	0	0	25	0	0	0
	\$20,000 to \$29,999		25	25	20	0	0	20	0	0	0
	\$30,000 to \$39,999		15	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	10
	\$40,000 to \$49,999		25	20	20	0	0	20	0	0	0
	\$50,000 to \$59,999		20	20	20	0	0	20	0	0	0
	\$60,000 to \$69,999		20	15	15	0	0	15	0	0	0
	\$70,000 to \$79,999		15	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	10
	\$80,000 to \$89,999		15	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	10
							0		0		
	\$90,000 to \$99,999		10	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0
	\$100,000 and over		45	20	20	0	0	20	0	0	25
Income statistics in	Total - Income statistics in 2019 for the population aged 15 years and over					_	_		_	_	
2019	in private households - 25% sample data	104	500	420	420	0	0	415	0	0	80
	Number of total income recipients aged 15 years and over in private										
	households in 2019 - 25% sample data		495	415	415	0	0	410	0	0	80
	Median total income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		43200	37200	37200			37200			88000
	Average total income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		54200	47200	47200			47200			92000
	Number of after-tax income recipients aged 15 years and over in private										
	households in 2019 - 25% sample data		495	415	415	0	0	410	0	0	80
	Median after-tax income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		38800	34400	34400			34400			69500
	Average after-tax income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		44400	39600	39600			39600			70000
	Number of market income recipients aged 15 years and over in private										
	households in 2019 - 25% sample data		495	415	415	0	0	410	0	0	75
	Median market income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		26800	20600	20800			20600			87000
	Average market income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		40600	32800	33000			33000			84000
	Number of employment income recipients aged 15 years and over in										
	private households in 2019 - 25% sample data		330	270	270	0	0	265	0	0	60
	Median employment income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		29800	26400	26400			26400			83000
	Average employment income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		46400	37200	37200		•••	37200			88000
	Number of government transfers recipients aged 15 years and over in		40400	37200	37200			37200			88000
	private households in 2019 - 25% sample data		440	380	380	0	0	375	0	0	60
							-		-		
	Median government transfers in 2019 among recipients (\$)		15900	16600	16600	•••		16600			13500
	Average government transfers in 2019 among recipients (\$)		15250	15600	15550			15550			13200
	Number of employment insurance benefits recipients aged 15 years and										
	over in private households in 2019 - 25% sample data		10	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Median employment insurance benefits in 2019 among recipients (\$)		X	X							
	Average employment insurance benefits in 2019 among recipients (\$)		8000	8000		•••					
Employment income	Total - Employment income statistics in 2019 for the population aged 15										
	years and over in private households - 25% sample data	105	500	420	420	0	0	415	0	0	80
2019	Number of employment income recipients in 2019 who worked full-year										
	full-time in 2020 - 25% sample data	94	115	75	75	0	0	75	0	0	40

	Median employment income in 2019 for full-year full-time workers in										
	2020 (\$)	95	76500	59200	59200			59200			100000
	Average employment income in 2019 for full-year full-time workers in 2020 (\$)	96	80000	68000	68000			68000			100000
	Number of employment income recipients in 2019 who worked part-year										
	or part-time in 2020 - 25% sample data	97	45	35	35	0	0	35	0	0	10
	Median employment income in 2019 of those who worked part-year or										
	part-time in 2020 (\$)		37600	29200	29200			30200			X
	Average employment income in 2019 of those who worked part-year										
	or part-time in 2020 (\$)		44000	32000	32000			32000			80000
Composition of total	Composition of total income in 2019 of the population aged 15 years and		44000	32000	32000	•••		32000	•••	•••	00000
income in 2019	over in private households (%) - 25% sample data		100	100	100			100			100
	Market income (%)		75	69.5	69.5			69.5			90
	Employment income (%)		57.2	51	51			51			76
	Government transfers (%)		25.2	30.2	30			30			11
	Employment insurance benefits (%)		0.3	0.2							
LIM low-income statu	s Total - LIM low-income status in 2020 for the population in private										
	households - 25% sample data	106	495	415	415	0	0	410	0	0	75
	0 to 17 years		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0 to 5 years		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18 to 64 years		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	65 years and over		495	415	415	0	0	410	0	0	75
	In low income based on the Low-income measure, after tax (LIM-AT)		40	35	35	0	0	35	0	0	0
	0 to 17 years		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0 to 5 years		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18 to 64 years		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	65 years and over		40	35	35	0	0	35	0	0	0
	Prevalence of low income based on the Low-income measure, after tax (LIM-										
	AT) (%)		8.4	9	9			9			X
	0 to 17 years (%)										
	0 to 5 years (%)										
	18 to 64 years (%)										
	65 years and over (%)		8.4	9	9			9			X
Individual MBM	Total - Individual MBM poverty status in 2020 for the population in private										
poverty status	households - 25% sample data	107	500	420	420	0	0	415	0	0	80
	Poverty rate (%)	108	3	3.6	3.6	0	0	3.6	0	0	0
LICO low-income	Total - LICO low-income status in 2020 for the population in private										
status	households to whom the low-income concept is applicable - 25% sample										
	data	109	500	420	415	0	0	415	0	0	80
	0 to 17 years		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0 to 5 years		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18 to 64 years		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	65 years and over		500	420	415	0	0	415	0	0	80
	In low income based on the Low-income cut-offs, after tax (LICO-AT)		10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0 to 17 years		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0 to 5 years		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	18 to 64 years		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	65 years and over		10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Prevalence of low income based on the Low-income cut-offs, after tax										
	(LICO-AT) (%)		1.6	1	1			1			X
	0 to 17 years (%)										
	0 to 5 years (%)										

Symbol(s):

...: not applicable

x: suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act

Notes

- [1] Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain reserves and settlements in the Census of Population. For more information on Indigenous variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Indigenous Peoples Reference Guide Census of Population 2021 and the Indigenous Peoples Technical Report Census of Population 2021.
- [2] This category includes persons who identify as First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and/or Inuk (Inuit) and/or those who report being Registered or Treaty Indians (that is registered under the Indian Act of Canada) and/or those who report having membership in a First Nation or Indian band.
- [3] This category includes persons who identify as only one Indigenous group that is First Nations (North American Indian) Métis or Inuk (Inuit).
- [4] This category includes persons who identify as any two or all three of the following: First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and/or Inuk (Inuit).
- [5] This category includes persons who do not identify as First Nations (North American Indian) Métis or Inuk (Inuit) but who report having Registered or Treaty Indian status and/or Membership in a First Nation or Indian band.
- [6] This category includes men (and/or boys) as well as some non-binary persons.
- Given that the non-binary population is small data aggregation to a two-category gender variable is sometimes necessary to protect the confidentiality of responses provided. In these cases individuals in the category "non-binary persons" are distributed into the other two gender categories and are denoted by the "+" symbol.
- [7] This category includes women (and/or girls) as well as some non-binary persons.
- Given that the non-binary population is small data aggregation to a two-category gender variable is sometimes necessary to protect the confidentiality of responses provided. In these cases individuals in the category "non-binary persons" are distributed into the other two gender categories and are denoted by the "+" symbol.
- [8] Stepfamilies can only be identified among families which include "Person 1" the first person identified in the census household questionnaire. As a result it is possible that the count of stepfamilies is slightly underestimated and in turn the count of two-parent non-stepfamilies slightly overestimated. In 2021 98% of two-parent families included Person 1.
- [9] A stepfamily with no step or half-siblings. All children are the biological or adopted children of one and only one spouse or partner in the couple.
- [10] A stepfamily with at least one step or half-sibling in any of the following configurations: a family in which there is at least one child of both spouses or partners in the couple and at least one child of only one spouse or partner in the couple
- [11] Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain reserves and settlements in the Census of Population.

For more information on Indigenous variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Indigenous Peoples Reference Guide Census of Population 2021 and the Indigenous Peoples Technical Report Census of Population 2021.

- [12] Registered or Treaty Indian status†refers to whether or not a person is a Registered or Treaty Indian. Registered Indians are persons who are registered under the Indian Act of Canada. Treaty Indians are persons who belong to a First Nation or Indian band that signed a treaty with the Crown. Registered or Treaty Indians are sometimes also called Status Indians.
- [13] Indigenous ancestry' refers to whether a person has ancestry associated with the Indigenous peoples of Canada that is First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and/or Inuit. Aboriginal peoples (referred to here as Indigenous peoples) of Canada are defined in the Constitution Act 1982 Section 35 (2) as including the Indian Inuit and Métis peoples of Canada. The term 'Aboriginal' has been replaced with the updated term of 'Indigenous' when referring to individuals who identify themselves as First Nations people Métis and/or Inuit. Ancestry refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the person's ancestors an ancestor being usually more distant than a grandparent. A person can have more than one ethnic or cultural origin.

Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain reserves and settlements in the Census of Population.

For more information on Indigenous variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Indigenous Peoples Reference Guide Census of Population 2021 and the Indigenous Peoples Technical Report Census of Population 2021.

- [14] Indigenous ancestry (only)' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and/or Inuit ancestry. It excludes persons with non-Indigenous ancestry.
- [15] Single Indigenous ancestry (only)' includes persons who have only one of First Nations (North American Indian) Métis or Inuit ancestry. It excludes persons with non-Indigenous ancestry.
- [16] Multiple Indigenous ancestries (only)' includes persons who have two or more of First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and Inuit ancestries. It excludes persons with non-Indigenous ancestry.
- [17] Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and/or Inuit ancestry as well as non-Indigenous ancestry.
- [18] Single Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian) Métis or Inuit ancestry as well as non-Indigenous ancestry.
- [19] Multiple Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries' includes persons who have two or more of First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and Inuit ancestries as well as non-Indigenous ancestry.
- [20] 'Non-Indigenous ancestry (only)' includes persons who have non-Indigenous ancestry only.
- [21] Indigenous ancestry refers to whether a person has ancestry associated with the Indigenous peoples of Canada that is First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and/or Inuit. Aboriginal peoples (referred to here as Indigenous peoples) of Canada are defined in the Constitution Act 1982 Section 35 (2) as including the Indian Inuit and Métis peoples of Canada.

Because of computer system constraints the following ethnic or cultural origin categories that include special characters cannot be presented correctly. Kwakwaka'wakw n.o.s.

Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain reserves and settlements in the Census of Population.

For more information on Indigenous variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Indigenous Peoples Reference Guide Census of Population 2021 and the Indigenous Peoples Technical Report Census of Population 2021. For more information on ethnic or cultural origin variables please refer to the Ethnic or Cultural Origin Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

- [22] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating North American Indigenous origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Aboriginal" "Indigenous").
- [23] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating First Nations (North American Indian) origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "First Nations" "North American Indian").
- [24] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Anishinaabe origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Anishinaabe").
- [25] The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes specific Anishinaabe origins not included elsewhere (e.g. "Mississauga" "Nipissing").
- [26] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Blackfoot origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Blackfoot").
- [27] The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes specific Blackfoot origins not included elsewhere (e.g. "Blackfeet").
- [28] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Cree origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Cree").
- [29] The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes specific Cree origins not included elsewhere (e.g. "Northern Quebec Cree" "James Bay Cree").
- [30] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Dene origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Dene").
- [31] The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes specific Dene origins not included elsewhere (e.g. "Athabaskan" "Tagish").
- [32] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Innu origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Innu " "Montagnais").
- [33] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Iroquoian (Haudenosaunee) origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Iroquois" "Haudenosaunee").
- [34] The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes specific Iroquoian (Haudenosaunee) origins not included elsewhere (e.g. "Onondaga" "Seneca").
- [35] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Kwakwaka'wakw origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Kwakwaka'wakw").
- [36] The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes specific Kwakwaka'wakw origins not included elsewhere (e.g. "Gwa'sala" "Nakwaxda'xw").
- [37] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Mi'kmaq origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Mi'kmaq").
- [38] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Nuu-chah-nulth origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Nuu-chah-nulth").
- [39] The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes specific Nuu-chah-nulth origins not included elsewhere (e.g. "Hesquiaht" "Huu-ay-aht").
- [40] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Salish origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Salish").
- [41] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Coast Salish origins not otherwise specified (e.g., "Coast Salish").
- [42] The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes specific Coast Salish origins not included elsewhere (e.g. "Halalt" "Malahat").
- [43] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Interior Salish origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Interior Salish").
- [44] The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes specific Interior Salish origins not included elsewhere (e.g. "Sinixt").
- [45] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Sioux origins not otherwise specified (e.g., "Sioux").
- [46] The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes specific First Nations (North American Indian) origins not included elsewhere (e.g. "Crow" "Nez Perce").
- [47] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Inuit origins not otherwise specified (e.g., "Inuit").
- [48] The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes specific Inuit origins not included elsewhere (e.g. "Copper Inuit" "Labrador Inuit").
- [49] Knowledge of official languages†refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in English only French only in both or in neither language. For a child who has not yet learned to speak this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home.

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[50] First official language spoken refers to the first official language (English or French) spoken by the person.

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[51] Mother tongue refers to the first language learned at home in childhood and still understood by the person at the time the data was collected. If the person no longer understands the first language learned the mother tongue is the second language learned. For a person who learned more than one language at the same time in early childhood the mother tongue is the language this person spoke most often at home before starting school. The person has more than one mother tongue only if they learned these languages at the same time and still understands them. For a child who has not yet learned to speak the mother tongue is the language spoken most often to this child at home. A child who has not yet learned to speak has more than one mother tongue only if these languages are spoken to them equally often so that the child learns these languages at the same time.

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

n.i.e. = not included elsewhere

n.o.s. = not otherwise specified

- [52] Users should be aware that estimates associated with Indigenous languages are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain reserves and settlements in the Census of Population.
- [53] All languages spoken at home refers to all languages that the person speaks at home on a regular basis at the time of data collection.

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

n.i.e. = not included elsewhere

n.o.s. = not otherwise specified

[54] Knowledge of official languages refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in English only French only in both or in neither language. For a child who has not yet learned to speak this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home.

Knowledge of non-official languages refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in a language other than English or French. For a child who has not yet learned to speak this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home. The number of languages that can be reported may vary between surveys depending on the objectives of the survey.

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

n.i.e. = not included elsewhere

n.o.s. = not otherwise specified

[55] Religion refers to the person's self-identification as having a connection or affiliation with any religious denomination group body or other religiously defined community or system of belief. Religion is not limited to formal membership in a religious organization or group.

This variable shows the aggregated responses to the religion question.

For infants or children religion refers to the specific religious group or denomination in which they are being raised if any.

Persons without a religious connection or affiliation can self-identify as atheist agnostic or humanist or can provide another applicable response.

For more information on religion variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Religion Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

- [56] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses of "Christian" not otherwise specified (e.g. "Christianity").
- [57] Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day May 11 2021 in relation to the place of residence on the same date one year earlier at the provincial level. Persons who have not moved are referred to as non-movers and persons who have moved from one residence to another are referred to as movers. Movers include non-migrants and migrants. Non-migrants are persons who did move but remained in the same city town township village or Indian reserve. Migrants include internal migrants who moved to a different city town township village or Indian reserve within Canada. External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date.
- [58] Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day May 11 2021 in relation to the place of residence on the same date five years earlier at the provincial level. Persons who have not moved are referred to as non-movers and persons who have moved from one residence to another are referred to as movers. Movers include non-migrants and migrants. Non-migrants are persons who did move but remained in the same city town township village or Indian reserve. Migrants include internal migrants who moved to a different city town township village or Indian reserve within Canada. External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date.
- [59] For information on data quality for this variable refer to the Education Reference Guide Census of Population 2021 Catalogue no. 98-500-X2021013.
- [60] For this category 'postsecondary certificate or diploma' includes only the categories 'apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma' and 'college CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma.'
- [61] This includes all persons with a high school diploma or equivalency certificate regardless of whether they also completed a postsecondary certificate diploma or degree.
- [62] Postsecondary certificate diploma or degree' includes 'apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma 'college CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma' and university certificates diplomas and degrees.
- [63] 'High (secondary) school diploma or equivalency certificate' includes only people who have this as their highest educational credential. It excludes persons with a postsecondary certificate diploma or degree.
- [64] Non-apprenticeship trades certificate or diploma' includes trades certificates or diplomas such as pre-employment or vocational certificates and diplomas from brief trade programs completed at colleges institutes of technology vocational centres and similar institutions. It also includes qualifications from vocational training programs in the province of Quebec such as the Diplôme d'études professionnelles (DEP)/Diploma of Vocational Studies (DVS).
- [65] 'Apprenticeship certificate' includes Certificates of Apprenticeship Certificates of Qualification and Journeyperson's designations.
- [66] College CEGEP and other non-university certificates and diplomas obtained from programs that are typically completed in less than 3 months are not included in this category.
- [67] 'Earned doctorate' does not include honorary doctorates.
- [68] This variable shows the 'Variant of CIP 2021 Alternative primary groupings 'with the hierarchy of the primary groupings and two-digit series. When a primary grouping contains more than one subseries from series '30. Multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary studies 'these subseries are grouped together. An exception is made for '30.01 Biological and physical sciences' due to its large size. For more information on the CIP classification see the Classification of Instructional Programs Canada 2021. For information on classification and data quality for this variable refer to the Education Reference Guide Census of Population 2021 Catalogue no. 98-500-X2021013.
- [69] No postsecondary certificate diploma or degree' is made up of persons who have not completed any credentials above a high school diploma.
- [70] Includes '30.13 Medieval and renaissance studies' '30.21 Holocaust and related studies' '30.22 Classical and ancient studies' '30.29 Maritime studies' '30.45 History and language/literature' '30.47 Linguistics and anthropology' '30.51 Integrated philosophy politics and economics' '30.52 Digital humanities and textual studies' and '30.53 Thanatology'.
- [71] Includes '30.05 Peace studies and conflict resolution' '30.11 Gerontology' '30.14 Museology/museum studies' '30.15 Science technology and society' '30.17 Behavioural sciences' '30.20 International/globalization studies' '30.23 Intercultural/multicultural and diversity studies' '30.25 Cognitive science' '30.26 Cultural studies/critical theory and analysis' '30.28 Dispute resolution' '30.31 Human computer interaction' '30.33 Sustainability studies' '30.34 Anthrozoology' '30.36 Cultural studies and comparative literature' '30.40 Economics and foreign language/literature' '30.44 Geography and environmental studies' and '30.46 History and political science'.
- [72] Includes '30.10 Biopsychology' '30.18 Natural sciences' '30.19 Nutrition sciences' '30.27 Human biology' '30.32 Marine sciences' '30.35 Climate science' '30.38 Earth systems science' '30.41 Environmental geosciences' '30.42 Geoarchaeology' '30.43 Geobiology' and '30.50 Mathematics and atmospheric/oceanic science'.
- [73] Includes '30.06 Systems science and theory' '30.08 Mathematics and computer science' '30.30 Computational science' '30.39 Economics and computer science' '30.48 Linguistics and computer science' '30.49 Mathematical economics' '30.70 Data science' and '30.71 Data analytics'.
- [74] Veterinary medicine veterinary science veterinary technology and veterinary administrative support services which were included in series '51. Health professions and related programs' in CIP 2016 are now included in series '01. Agricultural and veterinary sciences/services/operations and related fields' in CIP 2021.
- [75] Includes '30.00 Inclusive postsecondary education' and '30.99 Multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary studies other'.

[76] Refers to whether a person aged 15 years and over was employed unemployed or not in the labour force during the week of Sunday May 2 to Saturday May 8 2021.

For information on the comparability of the 2021 Census labour force status data with those of the Labour Force Survey see Appendix 2.11 of the Dictionary Census of Population 2021.

[77] Class of worker including job permanency refers to whether a person is a paid employee or is self-employed. Employees' positions are further classified as either permanent or temporary.

[78] Includes unemployed persons aged 15 years and over who have never worked for pay or in self-employment or who had last worked prior to January 1 2020.

[79] Includes persons aged 15 years and over in the labour force who have worked at some point in time between January 1 2020 and May 8 2021.

[80] Includes self-employed persons aged 15 years and over with or without an incorporated business and with or without paid help as well as unpaid family workers.

[81] Refers to the kind of work performed by persons aged 15 years and over as determined by their kind of work and the description of the main activities in their job. The occupation data are produced according to the National Occupational Classification [NOC] 2021 version 1.0.

[82] Refers to the general nature of the business carried out in the establishment where the person worked. The industry data are produced according to the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Canada 2017 Version 3.0.

[83] Refers to the number of weeks in which a person aged 15 years and over worked for pay or in self-employment in 2020 at all jobs held even if only for a few hours and whether these weeks were mostly full time (30 hours or more per week) or mostly part time (less than 30 hours per week).

[84] Includes persons aged 15 years and over who never worked persons who worked prior to 2020 and persons who worked in 2021 but not in 2020.

[85] Includes persons aged 15 years and over who worked mostly full time (30 hours or more per week). Full year is 49 weeks and more. Part year is less than 49 weeks.

[86] Includes persons aged 15 years and over who worked mostly part time (less than 30 hours per week). Full year is 49 weeks and more. Part year is less than 49 weeks.

[87] Place of work status refers to whether a person worked at home worked outside Canada had no fixed workplace address or worked at a specific address (usual place of work).

[88] Commuting destination refers to whether or not a person commutes to another municipality (i.e. census subdivision) another census division or another province or territory. Commuting refers to the travel of a person to their usual place of work.

[89] Main mode of commuting refers to the main mode of transportation a person uses to travel to their place of work.

The census assumes that the commute to work originates from the usual place of residence but this may not always be the case. Sometimes respondents may be on a business trip and may have reported their place of work or main mode of commuting based on where they were working during the trip. Some persons maintain a residence close to work and commute to their home on weekends. Students often work after school at a location near their school. As a result the data may show unusual commutes or unusual main modes of commuting.

[90] All languages used at work refers to all languages that the person uses in their job on a regular basis.

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[91] All languages used at work refers to all languages that the person uses in their job on a regular basis.

n.i.e. = not included elsewhere

n.o.s. = not otherwise specified

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[92] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

*statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons private households census families and economic families

*statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises companies establishments and locations

*statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons total income refers to receipts from certain sources before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of households total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

*employment income from wages salaries tips commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities)

*income from investment sources such as dividends and interest on bonds accounts guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds

*income from employer and personal pension sources such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs)

*other regular cash income such as child support payments received spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships

*income from government sources such as social assistance child benefits Employment Insurance benefits Old Age Security benefits COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

*one-time receipts such as lottery winnings gambling winnings cash inheritances lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals

*capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income

*employers' contributions to registered pension plans Canada Pension Plan Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance

*voluntary inter-household transfers imputed rent goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes provincial and territorial income taxes less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

Market income - The sum of employment income (wages salaries and commissions net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice) investment income private retirement income (retirement pensions superannuation and annuities including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

Government transfers - All cash benefits received from federal provincial territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes:

- *Old Age Security pension Guaranteed Income Supplement Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor
- *retirement disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan
- *benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan
- *child benefits from federal and provincial programs
- *social assistance benefits
- *workers' compensation benefits
- *Canada workers benefit (CWB)
- *Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit
- *other income from government sources.

For the 2021 Census this includes various benefits from new and existing federal provincial and territorial government income programs intended to provide financial support to individuals affected by the COVID-19 pandemic and the public health measures implemented to minimize the spread of the virus.

Employment income - All income received as wages salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves i.e. the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group. Average incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

[93] Employment income - All income received as wages salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period. For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[94] Full-year full-time workers - Persons aged 15 years and over who worked mostly full time (30 hours or more per week) and full year (49 weeks and over per year) in 2020. For more information see variable work activity in 2020 Dictionary Census of Population 2021.

[95] Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves i.e. the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

[96] Average income - Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group. Average incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

[97] Part year or part time workers - Persons aged 15 years and over who worked mostly part time (less than 30 hours per week) or 48 weeks or less during 2020. For more information see variable work activity in 2020 Dictionary Census of Population 2021.

[98] Composition of total income - The composition of the total income of a population group or a geographic area refers to the relative share of each income source or group of sources expressed as a percentage of the aggregate total income of that group or area.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[99] Market income - The sum of employment income (wages salaries and commissions net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice) investment income private retirement income (retirement pensions superannuation and annuities including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[100] Employment income - All income received as wages salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period. For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[101] Government transfers - All cash benefits received from federal provincial territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes:

- *Old Age Security pension Guaranteed Income Supplement Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor
- *retirement disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan
- *benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan
- *child benefits from federal and provincial programs
- *social assistance benefits
- *workers' compensation benefits

- *Canada workers benefit (CWB)
- *Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit
- *other income from government sources.

For the 2021 Census this includes various benefits from new and existing federal provincial and territorial government income programs intended to provide financial support to individuals affected by the COVID-19 pandemic and the public health measures implemented to minimize the spread of the virus.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[102] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

- *statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons private households census families and economic families
- *statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises companies establishments and locations
- *statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons total income refers to receipts from certain sources before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of households total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

*employment income from wages salaries tips commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities)

*income from investment sources such as dividends and interest on bonds accounts guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds

*income from employer and personal pension sources such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs)

*other regular cash income such as child support payments received spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships

*income from government sources such as social assistance child benefits Employment Insurance benefits Old Age Security benefits COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

*one-time receipts such as lottery winnings gambling winnings cash inheritances lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals

*capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income

*employers' contributions to registered pension plans Canada Pension Plan Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance

*voluntary inter-household transfers imputed rent goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[103] After-tax income - After-tax income refers to total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes provincial and territorial income taxes less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[104] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

*statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons private households census families and economic families

*statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises companies establishments and locations

*statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons total income refers to receipts from certain sources before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of households total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

*employment income from wages salaries tips commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities)

*income from investment sources such as dividends and interest on bonds accounts guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds

*income from employer and personal pension sources such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs)

*other regular cash income such as child support payments received spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships

*income from government sources such as social assistance child benefits Employment Insurance benefits Old Age Security benefits Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

*one-time receipts such as lottery winnings gambling winnings cash inheritances lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals

*capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income

*employers' contributions to registered pension plans Canada Pension Plan Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance

*voluntary inter-household transfers imputed rent goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes provincial and territorial income taxes less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

Market income - The sum of employment income (wages salaries and commissions net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice) investment income private retirement income (retirement pensions superannuation and annuities including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

Government transfers - All cash benefits received from federal provincial territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes:

- *Old Age Security pension Guaranteed Income Supplement Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor
- *retirement disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan
- *benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan
- *child benefits from federal and provincial programs
- *social assistance benefits
- *workers' compensation benefits
- *Canada workers benefit (CWB)
- *Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit
- *other income from government sources.

Employment income - All income received as wages salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

Employment Insurance (EI) benefits - All Employment Insurance (EI) benefits received during the reference period before income tax deductions. It includes benefits for unemployment sickness maternity paternity adoption compassionate care work sharing retraining and benefits to self-employed fishers received under the federal EI Program or the Québec parental insurance plan.

The reference period for these variables is calendar year 2019. These variables are intended for comparison with their 2020 equivalent and other 2019 income variables. Income for 2019 is presented in 2020 constant dollars.

Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves i.e. the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median while those of the other half are above the median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group. Average incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

[105] Employment income - All income received as wages salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period. The reference period for this variable is calendar year 2019. The variable is intended for comparison with its 2020 equivalent and other 2019 income variables. Income for 2019 is presented in 2020 constant dollars.

[106] Low-income status - The income situation of the statistical unit in relation to a specific low-income line in a reference year. Statistical units with income that is below the low-income line are considered to be in low income. For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

Prior to the 2021 Census the LIM thresholds and the LIM low income statistics were derived and reported for the population residing outside of the territories and off reserve only. It was based on the consideration that the income prices and expenditure patterns could be quite different in the territories and on reserve and thus could make the interpretation of the LIM low-income statistics difficult.

Since the 2016 Census there were research studies that analyzed the feasibility of defining LIM thresholds that include the population living in the territories and on reserve and examined the aspects that should be considered when interpreting low-income statistics based on this definition. With the guidance and support of such research the 2021 Census expanded the coverage of the LIM concept to all regions in Canada making it the only low-income concept that is applicable to the population living in the territories and on reserve.

Low-income measure after tax (LIM-AT) - The Low-income measure after tax refers to a fixed percentage (50%) of median-adjusted after-tax income of private households. The household after-tax income is adjusted by an equivalence scale to take economies of scale into account. This adjustment for different household sizes reflects the fact that a household's needs increase but at a decreasing rate as the number of members increases.

Using data from the 2021 Census of Population the line applicable to a household is defined as half the Canadian median of the adjusted household after-tax income multiplied by the square root of household size. The median is determined based on all persons in private households where low-income concepts are applicable. Thresholds for specific household sizes are presented in Table 2.4 Low-income measures thresholds (LIM-AT and LIM-BT) for private households of Canada 2020 Dictionary Census of Population 2021.

When the unadjusted after-tax income of household pertaining to a person falls below the threshold applicable to the person based on household size the person is considered to be in low income according to LIM-AT. Since the LIM-AT threshold and household income are unique within each household low-income status based on LIM-AT can also be reported for households.

Low-income cut-offs after tax (LICO-AT) - The Low-income cut-offs after tax refers to an income threshold defined using 1992 expenditure data below which economic families or persons not in economic families would likely have devoted a larger share of their after-tax income than average to the necessities of food shelter and clothing. More specifically the thresholds represented income levels at which these families or persons were expected to spend 20 percentage points or more of their after-tax income than average on food shelter and clothing. These thresholds have been adjusted to current dollars using the all-items Consumer Price Index (CPI).

The LICO-AT has 35 cut-offs varying by seven family sizes and five different sizes of area of residence to account for economics of scale and potential differences in cost of living in communities of different sizes. These thresholds are presented in Table 2.5 Low-income cut-offs after tax (LICO-AT - 1992 base) for economic families and persons not in economic families 2020 Dictionary Census of Population 2021.

When the after-tax income of an economic family member or a person not in an economic family falls below the threshold applicable to the person is considered to be in low income according to LICO-AT. Since the LICO-AT threshold and family income are unique within each economic family low-income status based on LICO-AT can also be reported for economic families.

Prevalence of low income - The proportion or percentage of units whose income falls below a specified low-income line.

[107] The Market Basket Measure (MBM) refers to Canada's official measure of poverty based on the cost of a specific basket of goods and services representing a modest basic standard of living developed by Employment and Social Development Canada (ESDC). The†MBM†thresholds represent the costs of specified qualities and quantities of food clothing shelter transportation and other necessities for a reference family of two adults and two children. The square root of economic family size is the equivalence scale used to adjust the†MBM†thresholds for other family sizes. This adjustment for different family sizes reflects the fact that an economic family's needs increase but at a decreasing rate as the number of members increases.

The†MBM†basket (2018-base)†is priced for 53†different geographic areas - 19†specific communities and 34†population centre size and province combinations. The†MBM†recognises the potential differences in the cost of the basket between similar-sized communities in different provinces and between different geographical regions within provinces. These thresholds are presented in Table 2.2 Market Basket Measure (MBM) thresholds for economic families and persons not in economic families 2020 †Dictionary Census of Population 2021.

The income measure used to compare against the†MBM†thresholds is the disposable income for the†MBM. When the disposable income for the†MBM†of an economic family or a person not in economic family falls below the threshold applicable to the family or the person or every member in the case of an economic family is considered to be in poverty according to†MBM. Since the†MBM†threshold and disposable income are unique within each economic family low-income status based on†MBM†can also be reported for economic families.

For the 2021†Census the reference period for low-income data is the calendar year†2020.

[108] Poverty rate - The proportion or percentage of units whose income falls below a specified poverty line.

[109] Low-income status - The income situation of the statistical unit in relation to a specific low-income line in a reference year. Statistical units with income that is below the low-income line are considered to be in low income. For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

Prior to the 2021 Census the LIM thresholds and the LIM low income statistics were derived and reported for the population residing outside of the territories and off reserve only. It was based on the consideration that the income prices and expenditure patterns could be quite different in the territories and on reserve and thus could make the interpretation of the LIM low-income statistics difficult.

Since the 2016 Census there were research studies that analyzed the feasibility of defining LIM thresholds that include the population living in the territories and on reserve and examined the aspects that should be considered when interpreting low-income statistics based on this definition. With the guidance and support of such research the 2021 Census expanded the coverage of the LIM concept to all regions in Canada making it the only low-income concept that is applicable to the population living in the territories and on reserve.

Low-income measure after tax (LIM-AT) - The Low-income measure after tax refers to a fixed percentage (50%) of median-adjusted after-tax income of private households. The household after-tax income is adjusted by an equivalence scale to take economies of scale into account. This adjustment for different household sizes reflects the fact that a household's needs increase but at a decreasing rate as the number of members increases.

Using data from the 2021 Census of Population the line applicable to a household is defined as half the Canadian median of the adjusted household after-tax income multiplied by the square root of household size. The median is determined based on all persons in private households where low-income concepts are applicable. Thresholds for specific household sizes are presented in Table 2.4 Low-income measures thresholds (LIM-AT and LIM-BT) for private households of Canada 2020 Dictionary Census of Population 2021.

When the unadjusted after-tax income of household pertaining to a person falls below the threshold applicable to the person based on household size the person is considered to be in low income according to LIM-AT. Since the LIM-AT threshold and household income are unique within each household low-income status based on LIM-AT can also be reported for households.

Low-income cut-offs after tax (LICO-AT) - The Low-income cut-offs after tax refers to an income threshold defined using 1992 expenditure data below which economic families or persons not in economic families would likely have devoted a larger share of their after-tax income than average to the necessities of food shelter and clothing. More specifically the thresholds represented income levels at which these families or persons were expected to spend 20 percentage points or more of their after-tax income than average on food shelter and clothing. These thresholds have been adjusted to current dollars using the all-items Consumer Price Index (CPI).

The LICO-AT has 35 cut-offs varying by seven family sizes and five different sizes of area of residence to account for economics of scale and potential differences in cost of living in communities of different sizes. These thresholds are presented in Table 2.5 Low-income cut-offs after tax (LICO-AT - 1992 base) for economic families and persons not in economic families 2020 Dictionary Census of Population 2021.

When the after-tax income of an economic family member or a person not in an economic family falls below the threshold applicable to the person is considered to be in low income according to LICO-AT. Since the LICO-AT threshold and family income are unique within each economic family low-income status based on LICO-AT can also be reported for economic families.

Prevalence of low income - The proportion or percentage of units whose income falls below a specified low-income line.

Data quality:

Nunavik [Inuit region], Quebec

Total non-response (TNR) rate, short-form census questionnaire: 22.8%

Total non-response (TNR) rate, long-form census questionnaire: 25.3%

Source: Statistics Canada, 2021 Census of Population.

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