## Nunavik, Quebec [Inuit region] Women+ 20 to 24 years

						20 10 2	4 years				
Characteristics		Note	Total Indigenous identity [1]	Indigenous identity [2]	Single Indigenous responses [3]	First Nations (North American Indian)	Métis	Inuk (Inuit)	Indigenous	Indigenous responses not included elsewhere [5]	Non- Indigenous identity
Age	Total - Average age and median age for the population in private households										
. 150	- 25% sample data		615	595	590	0	0	585	10	0	15
	Average age		22.4	22.4	22.4			22.4	24		22
	Median age		22.4	22.4	22.4			22.2	X		X
Marital status	Total - Marital status for the population aged 15 years and over in private		22.4	22.4	22.4	•••		22.2	A		A
manus status	households - 25% sample data		615	600	590	0	10	580	10	0	15
	Married or living common law		195	195	195	0	0	190	0	0	0
	Married Married		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	Living common law		185	185	185	0	0	180	0	0	0
	Not married and not living common law		420	405	400	0	10	395	10	0	15
	Never married		420	400	395	0	10	395	10	0	15
	Separated Separated		420	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Divorced			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
			0								0
TT 1 11 10 '1	Widowed		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	Total - Household and family characteristics including detailed information										
characteristics	on stepfamilies for the population in private households -		£15	505	500		0	505	10	0	1.5
	25% sample data		615	595	590	0	0	585	10	0	15
	Married spouses and common-law partners		195	190	195	0	0	190	0	0	0
	Married spouses		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	Common-law partners		185	185	185	0	0	180	0	0	0
	Parents in a one-parent family		115	115	115	0	0	115	0	0	0
	Parents in a one-parent family (men+)	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Parents in a one-parent family (women+)	7	115	115	115	0	0	115	0	0	0
	Total - Children in census families		220	215	205	0	0	205	0	0	10
	Living in†a two-parent family		125	120	115	0	0	115	0	0	0
	In a non-stepfamily		90	90	85	0	0	80	0	0	0
	In a stepfamily	8	40	35	30	0	0	30	0	0	0
	In a simple stepfamily	9	15	15	15	0	0	10	0	0	0
	In a simple stepfamily: with a stepparent (man+)	6	10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	In a simple stepfamily: with a stepparent (woman+)	7	10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	In a complex stepfamily	10	20	20	20	0	0	20	0	0	0
	In a complex stepfamily: with a stepparent (man+)	6	10	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	In a complex stepfamily: with a stepparent (woman+)	7	10	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	parents		10	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Living in a one-parent family		80	80	80	0	0	80	0	0	0
	Living in a one-parent family: with a parent (man+)	6	20	20	20	0	0	20	0	0	0
	Living in a one-parent family: with a parent (woman+)	7	55	55	55	0	0	55	0	0	0
	Living with at least one grandparent and without parents		15	15	15	0	0	15	0	0	0
	Living with at least one grandparent and without parents: with two										
	grandparents		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	Living with at least one grandparent and without parents: with one										
	grandparent		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0

	Total - Persons not in census families		80	75	75	0	0	75	0	0	10
	Foster children		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	Persons living with other relatives		50	50	50	0	0	50	0	0	0
	Persons living with non-relatives only		10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Persons living alone		20	15	15	0	0	15	0	0	0
Registered or Treaty	Total - Registered or Treaty Indian status for the population in private										
Indian status	households - 25% sample data	11	615	595	590	0	0	585	10	0	15
	Registered or Treaty Indian	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0
	Not a Registered or Treaty Indian	12	610	595	590	0	0	585	10	0	15
Indigenous ancestry	Total - Indigenous ancestry for the population in private households -		010	373	370	Ü	U	363	10	Ü	13
margenous ancestry	25% sample data	13	615	595	590	0	0	585	10	0	15
	Indigenous ancestry (only)	14	550	545	535	0	0	530	10	0	10
	Single Indigenous ancestry (only)	15	530	525	525	0	0	525	0	0	10
	First Nations (North American Indian) single ancestry	13	15	15	15	0	0	10	0	0	0
	Métis single ancestry		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Inuit single ancestry		520	515	515	0	0	515	0	0	10
	Multiple Indigenous ancestries (only)	16	15	15	0	0	0	0	10	0	0
		16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	First Nations (North American Indian) and Métis ancestry only		15		0	0	0	0	10	0	0
	First Nations (North American Indian) and Inuit ancestry only		0	15		0		0			
	Métis and Inuit ancestry only		U	0	0	0	0	U	0	0	0
	First Nations (North American Indian) and Métis and Inuit		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ancestry only	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries	17	55	55	55	0	0	50	0	0	0
	Single Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries	18	55	55	55	0	0	55	0	Ü	0
	First Nations (North American Indian) and non-Indigenous		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	ancestry only		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Métis and non-Indigenous ancestry only		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Inuit and non-Indigenous ancestry only		55	55	55	0	0	55	0	0	0
	Multiple Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	First Nations (North American Indian) and Métis and non-										
	Indigenous ancestry only		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	First Nations (North American Indian) and Inuit and non-		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
	Indigenous ancestry only		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Métis and Inuit and non-Indigenous ancestry only		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	First Nations (North American Indian) and Métis and Inuit and										
	non-Indigenous ancestry only	••	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
T 1	Non-Indigenous ancestry only	20	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
Indigenous ancestry	households - 25% sample data	21	615	595	590	0	0	585	10	0	15
responses	North American Indigenous origins		600	595	590	0	0	580	10	0	10
	North American Indigenous, n.o.s.	22	10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	First Nations (North American Indian) origins		25	25	15	0	0	10	10	0	0
	First Nations (North American Indian), n.o.s.	23	10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	Abenaki		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Anishinaabe origins		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Anishinaabe, n.o.s.	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Algonquin		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Odawa		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Ojibway		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Oji-Cree		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Potawatomi		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Saulteaux		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Anishinaabe origins, n.i.e.	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Apache		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Atikamekw		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blackfoot origins		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blackfoot, n.o.s.	26	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blood (Kainai)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Piikani		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Siksika		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Blackfoot origins, n.i.e.	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cherokee		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cheyenne		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Choctaw		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cree origins		15	15	10	0	0	10	10	0	0
Cree, n.o.s.	28	15	15	10	0	0	10	10	0	0
Moose Cree		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Plains Cree		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Swampy Cree		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Woodland Cree		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cree origins, n.i.e.	29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Delaware (Lenape)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dene origins		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dene, n.o.s.	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Beaver (Dunne-za)	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Carrier (Dakelh)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chilcotin (Tsilhqot'in)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chipewyan (Denesuline)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dene Tha' (Slavey)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gwich'in		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kaska		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Saht' (North Slavey)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tahltan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tlicho (Dogrib)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tlingit		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tse'khene (Sekani)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tsuut'ina (Sarcee)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tutchone		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wet'suwet'en		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dene origins, n.i.e.	31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gitxsan	31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Haida		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Haisla		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heiltsuk		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Huron (Wendat)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Innu origins		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Innu/Montagnais, n.o.s.	32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Naskapi	32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iroquoian (Haudenosaunee) origins		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iroquois (Haudenosaunee), n.o.s.	33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cayuga Mohawk		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oneida		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tuscarora		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iroquoian (Haudenosaunee) origins, n.i.e. Ktunaxa (Kutenai)	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
IXIUIIAAA (IXUICIIAI)		U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U

Kwakwaka'wakw origins		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kwakwaka'wakw, n.o.s.	35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kwakiutl		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Laich-kwil-tach		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
'Namgis		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Quatsino		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kwakwaka'wakw origins, n.i.e.	36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Maliseet		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mi'kmaq origins		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mi'kmaq, n.o.s.	37	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Qalipu Mi'kmaq		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Navajo		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nisga'a		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nuu-chah-nulth origins		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nuu-chah-nulth, n.o.s.	38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ahousaht	30	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ditidaht		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tla-o-qui-aht		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tseshaht		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	39	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nuu-chah-nulth origins, n.i.e. Nuxalk	39									
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Passamaquoddy		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Salish origins	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Salish, n.o.s.	40	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Coast Salish origins		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Coast Salish, n.o.s.	41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Chemainus (Stz'uminus)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cowichan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Homalco		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Musqueam		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Penelakut		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ShÌsh·lh (Sechelt)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Snuneymuxw		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Squamish		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
StÛ:lo		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
WS;NEC (Saanich)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Coast Salish origins, n.i.e.	42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Interior Salish origins		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Interior Salish, n.o.s.	43	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nlaka'pamux (Thompson)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Okanagan (Syilx)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Secwepemc (Shuswap)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
St'at'imc (Lillooet)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Interior Salish origins, n.i.e.	44	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Siouan origins		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sioux, n.o.s.	45	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assiniboine		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dakota		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lakota		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stoney (Nakoda)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tsimshian		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wuikinuxv		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
First Nations (North American Indian) origins, n.i.e.	46	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
(	10	3	9	3	3	3	9	3	•	· ·

Part		Inuit origins		590	585	575	0	0	570	10	0	10
Intervalue   Invalue   I		9	47									
Main contingents in the continue of the cont			47									
Non-Indigenous origins   16			18									
Manual Property of Minish Improves origins of Minish Improves or Min			40									
None-place   Total							-					
Page	Knowledge of official			0.5			Ü		55	Ü	Ü	10
First official languages   14			49	610	600	590	10	0	585	10	0	15
Fireth cut	imiguages	*	.,									
Prist official language   Final french   105   106   105   10   10   10   10   10   10   1		•										
Residency in Schief English nor Pench         10         10         10         0         10         15         15         10         0 <td></td>												
First official languages posken for the population in private   100000000000000000000000000000000000												
Spoken   S	First official language			Ü	10	10	Ü		10	Ü	Ü	Ü
English			50	610	600	500	10	0	E0E	10	0	1.5
Fench	-F	•	30								-	
English and French   155   155   155   0   0   155   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0												
Neither English nor Franch   10												
Indigenous mether tongue for the population in private households		<del>-</del>										
Description   1	T 1'			Ü	10	10	0	0	10	Ü	Ü	Ü
Official languages         45         35         30         0         0         30         0         10           English         25         25         25         25         0	-		5.1	610	600	500	10	0	505	10	0	1.5
English French	tongue	*	51									
French Non-official languages												
Non-official languages												
Indigenous languages							-					
Algonquian languages  10 10 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		6 6	50									
Blackfoot   Cree-Innu languages   10   10   0   0   0   0   0   0   0			52									
Cree-Innul languages         10         10         0												
Atikamekw							-		-			-
Cree languages         10         10         0												9
Ililimowin (Mose Cree)							-		-	-	-	9
Inu Ayimun (Southern East Cree)							0					
Nyiw-Ayimiwin (Northern East Cree)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					-					-
Nehinawewin (Swampy Cree)         0 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>				-			-					-
Nehiyawewin (Plains Čree)       0<				-								-
Nihithawiwin (Woods Cree) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		the state of the s		-			O					-
Cree, n.o.s.         10         10         0		•					-					
Innu (Montagnais)							-					-
Naskapi         0 </td <td></td> <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					-					-
Eastern Algonquian languages       0 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>-</td></td<>												-
Mi'kmaq 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		•		-			-					-
Wolastoqewi (Malecite)         0												
Ojibway-Potawatomi languages       0 <th< td=""><td></td><td>•</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>		•										
Anicinabemowin (Algonquin) O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O				-			-					-
Oji-Cree         0<		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-			-		-			-
Ojibway languages       0				-			0					-
Anishinaabemowin (Chippewa)       0		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		-								-
Daawaamwin (Odawa)       0		* * * *										
Saulteau (Western Ojibway)       0		· •••					0		o o			
Ojibway, n.o.s.       0				-	· ·		0		-			9
Algonquian languages, n.i.e. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				-			-					
Athabaskan languages 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0												
		Atnabaskan languages		Ü	U	U	U	Ü	U	U	U	U

		_	_	_		_	_	_	
Northern Athabaskan languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dakelh (Carrier)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dane-zaa (Beaver)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dene, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gwich'in	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Slavey-Hare languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Deh Gah Ghotie Zhatie (South Slavey)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Satuotine Yati (North Slavey)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Slavey, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tahltan languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kaska (Nahani)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tahltan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tlicho (Dogrib)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tse'khene (Sekani)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tsilhqot'in (Chilcotin)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tsuu Tina (Sarsi)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tutchone languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern Tutchone	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern Tutchone	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tutchone, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wetsuwet'en-Babine Tlingit	0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0 0
Athabaskan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Haida	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inuktut (Inuit) languages	585	580	575	0	0	570	10	0	10
Inuinnaqtun (Inuvialuktun)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inuinnaqtun	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inuvialuktun	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inuktitut	585	580	575	0	0	570	10	0	10
Inuktut (Inuit) languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iroquoian languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cayuga	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mohawk	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oneida	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iroquoian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ktunaxa (Kutenai)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Michif	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Salish languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Halkomelem	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lillooet	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ntlakapamux (Thompson)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Secwepemctsin (Shuswap)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Squamish	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Straits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Syilx (Okanagan)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Salish languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Siouan languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assiniboine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dakota	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stoney	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Siouan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tsimshian languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gitxsan (Gitksan)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

	Nisga'a		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Tsimshian		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Wakashan languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Haisla		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Heiltsuk		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Kwak'wala (Kwakiutl)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Nuu-chah-nulth (Nootka)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Wakashan languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Indigenous languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Indigenous languages, n.o.s.						0		0	0	0
T 1' 1	Non-Indigenous languages		10	10	10	0	Ü	10	U	Ü	0
	Total - Indigenous languages spoken at home for the population in private	52	<i>c</i> 10	600	500	10	0	505	10	0	1.5
spoken at home	households - 25% sample data	53	610	600	590	10	0	585	10	0	15
	Official languages		175	170	160	10	0	155	10	0	10
	English		165	160	155	10	0	150	10	0	10
	French		25	20	15	0	0	15	0	0	0
	Non-official languages		585	575	570	10	0	560	10	0	10
	Indigenous languages	52	585	575	570	10	0	560	10	0	0
	Algonquian languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blackfoot		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cree-Innu languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Atikamekw		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cree languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Ililimowin (Moose Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Inu Ayimun (Southern East Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Iyiyiw-Ayimiwin (Northern East Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Nehinawewin (Swampy Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Nehiyawewin (Plains Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Nihithawiwin (Woods Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cree, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Innu (Montagnais)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Naskapi		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Eastern Algonquian languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Mi'kmaq		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Wolastoqewi (Malecite)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Ojibway-Potawatomi languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Anicinabemowin (Algonquin)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Oji-Cree		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Ojibway languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Anishinaabemowin (Chippewa)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Daawaamwin (Odawa)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Saulteau (Western Ojibway)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Ojibway, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Algonquian languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Athabaskan languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Northern Athabaskan languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Dakelh (Carrier)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Dane-zaa (Beaver)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Dene, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Gwich'in		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Slavey-Hare languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Deh Gah Ghotie Zhatie (South Slavey)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Satuotine Yati (North Slavey)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Slavey, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tahltan languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Kaska (Nahani)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tahltan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tlicho (Dogrib)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tse'khene (Sekani)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tsilhqot'in (Chilcotin)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tsuu T'ina (Sarsi)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tutchone languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Northern Tutchone	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Southern Tutchone	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tutchone, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wetsuwet'en-Babine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tlingit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Athabaskan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Haida	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Inuktut (Inuit) languages	580	575	565	0	0	560	10	0	
Inuinnaqtun (Inuvialuktun)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Inuinnaqtun	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Inuvialuktun	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Inuktitut	580	575	565	0	0	560	10	0	
Inuktut (Inuit) languages, n.i.e.	0		303 0	0	0	0			
		0				0	0	0	
Iroquoian languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Cayuga	0	0	0	0				0	
Mohawk Oneida	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Iroquoian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ktunaxa (Kutenai)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Michif	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Salish languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Halkomelem	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Lillooet	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Ntlakapamux (Thompson)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Secwepemctsin (Shuswap)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Squamish	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Straits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Syilx (Okanagan)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Salish languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Siouan languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Assiniboine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Dakota	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Stoney	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Siouan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tsimshian languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Gitxsan (Gitksan)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Nisga'a	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tsimshian	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wakashan languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Haisla	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Heiltsuk	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Kwak'wala (Kwakiutl)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Nuu-chah-nulth (Nootka)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Wakashan languages, n.i.e.	0	0							

	Indigenous languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Indigenous languages, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TZ 1 1 C	Non-Indigenous languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Knowledge of	Total - Knowledge of Indigenous languages for the population in private	- 1	<10	600	500	10	0	505	10	0	1.5
Indigenous languages	households - 25% sample data	54	610	600	590	10	0	585	10	0	15
	Official languages		610	595	590	10	0	580	10	0	10
	English		610	595	585	10	0	580	10	0	10
	French		200	185	190	0	0	185	0	0	10
	Non-official languages		595	585	575	10	0	575	10	0	10
	Indigenous languages	52	595	585	575	10	0	575	10	0	0
	Algonquian languages		10	10	0	0	0	10	10	0	0
	Blackfoot		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cree-Innu languages		10	10	0	0	0	10	10	0	0
	Atikamekw		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cree languages		10	10	0	0	0	10	10	0	0
	Ililimowin (Moose Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Inu Ayimun (Southern East Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Iyiyiw-Ayimiwin (Northern East Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Nehinawewin (Swampy Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Nehiyawewin (Plains Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Nihithawiwin (Woods Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cree, n.o.s.		10	10	0	0	0	10	10	0	0
	Innu (Montagnais)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Naskapi		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Eastern Algonquian languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Mi'kmaq		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Wolastoqewi (Malecite)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Ojibway-Potawatomi languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Anicinabemowin (Algonquin)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Oji-Cree		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Ojibway languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Anishinaabemowin (Chippewa)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Daawaamwin (Odawa)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Saulteau (Western Ojibway)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Ojibway, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Algonquian languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Athabaskan languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Northern Athabaskan languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Dakelh (Carrier)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Dane-zaa (Beaver)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Dene, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Gwich'in		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Slavey-Hare languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Deh Gah Ghotie Zhatie (South Slavey)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Satuotine Yati (North Slavey)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Slavey, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Tahltan languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Kaska (Nahani)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Tahltan		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Tlicho (Dogrib)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Tse'khene (Sekani)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Tsilhqot'in (Chilcotin)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Tsuu T'ina (Sarsi)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Tutchone languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern Tutchone		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern Tutchone		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tutchone, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wetsuwet'en-Babine		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tlingit		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Athabaskan languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Haida		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inuktut (Inuit) languages		595	590	580	0	0	575	10	0	0
Inuinnaqtun (Inuvialuktun)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inuinnaqtun		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inuvialuktun		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inuktitut		595	590	580	0	0	575	10	0	0
Inuktut (Inuit) languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iroquoian languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cayuga		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mohawk		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oneida		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iroquoian languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ktunaxa (Kutenai)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Michif		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Salish languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Halkomelem		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lillooet		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ntlakapamux (Thompson)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Secwepemctsin (Shuswap)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Squamish		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Straits		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Syilx (Okanagan)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Salish languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Siouan languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Assiniboine		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dakota		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Stoney		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Siouan languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tsimshian languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gitxsan (Gitksan)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nisga'a		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tsimshian		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wakashan languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Haisla		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Heiltsuk		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Kwak'wala (Kwakiutl)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nuu-chah-nulth (Nootka)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wakashan languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Indigenous languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Indigenous languages, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Non-Indigenous languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total - Religion for the population in private households - 25% sample data										
	55	610	600	590	10	0	585	10	0	15
Buddhist		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Christian		420	410	405	0	0	405	0	0	10
Christian, n.o.s.	56	30	25	25	0	0	25	0	0	0

Religion

	Anabaptist		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Anglican		350	345	345	0	0	345	0	0	10
	Baptist		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Catholic		20	20	20	0	0	20	0	0	0
	Christian Orthodox		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Jehovah's Witness		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Latter Day Saints		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Lutheran		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Methodist and Wesleyan (Holiness)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Pentecostal and other Charismatic		0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Presbyterian		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Reformed		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	United Church		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Other Christian and Christian-related traditions		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	Hindu		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Jewish		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Muslim		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Sikh		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Traditional (North American Indigenous) spirituality		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	Other religions and spiritual traditions		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	No religion and secular perspectives		190	185	175	10	0	170	10	0	10
Mobility status			190	163	173	10	U	170	10	U	10
Mobility status	Total - Mobility status 1 year ago for the population aged 1 year and over in	57	C15	600	500	10	0	505	10	0	1.5
	private households - 25% sample data	57	615	600	590	10	0	585	10	0	15
	Non-movers		525	510	505	10	0	495	10	0	10
	Movers		90	85	90	0	0	90	0	0	0
	Non-migrants		80	80	75	0	0	75	0	0	0
	Migrants		15	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	Internal migrants		15	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	Intraprovincial migrants		10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Interprovincial migrants		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	External migrants		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Total - Mobility status 5 years ago for the population aged 5 years and over										
	in private households - 25% sample data	58	615	600	590	10	0	585	10	0	15
	Non-movers		325	315	310	0	0	305	10	0	10
	Movers		285	280	280	0	0	280	10	0	0
	Non-migrants		215	215	210	0	0	210	10	0	10
	Migrants		70	70	70	0	0	70	0	0	10
	Internal migrants		70	70	70	0	0	70	0	0	10
	Intraprovincial migrants		75	70	65	0	0	65	0	0	0
	Interprovincial migrants		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	External migrants		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Secondary (high)	Total - Secondary (high) school diploma or equivalency certificate for the		Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü	
school diploma or	population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	50	c15	600	500	0	10	505	10		1.5
equivalency certificate		59	615	600	590	0	10	585	10	0	15
equivalency confinedic	No high school diploma or equivalency certificate  No high school diploma or equivalency certificate, no postsecondary		395	390	390	0	0	385	0	0	10
	certificate, diploma or degree		395	390	380	0	0	385	0	0	10
	No high school diploma or equivalency certificate, with postsecondary		373	370	300	U	U	303	U	U	10
				•	_	•		_		6	_
	certificate or diploma	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	With high school diploma or equivalency certificate	61	215	205	205	10	10	195	0	0	10
	With high school diploma or equivalency certificate, no postsecondary								_		
	certificate, diploma or degree		165	160	160	10	0	155	0	0	10

	With high school diploma or equivalency certificate, with										
	postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	62	50	45	45	0	0	45	0	0	0
Highest certificate,	Total - Highest certificate, diploma or degree for the population aged 15										
diploma or degree	years and over in private households - 25% sample data	59	615	600	590	0	10	585	10	0	15
, ,	No certificate, diploma or degree		395	390	380	0	0	385	0	0	10
	High (secondary) school diploma or equivalency certificate	63	165	160	160	10	0	155	0	0	10
	Postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree		55	50	45	0	0	45	0	0	0
	Postsecondary certificate or diploma below bachelor level		50	50	45	0	0	45	0	0	0
	Apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma		15	15	15	0	0	15	0	0	0
	Non-apprenticeship trades certificate or diploma	64	10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	Apprenticeship certificate	65	10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	College, CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma	66	30	30	30	0	0	30	0	0	0
	University certificate or diploma below bachelor level	00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Bachelor's degree or higher		10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
	Bachelor's degree		10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
	University certificate or diploma above bachelor level		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Degree in medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine or optometry		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Master's degree		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Earned doctorate	67	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Major field of study		67	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Major field of study	Total - Major field of study - Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP)										
	2021 for the population aged 15 years and over in private households - 25%	<b>CO</b>	615	600	500	0	10	505	10	0	1.5
	sample data	68	615	600	590	0	10	585	10	0	15
	No postsecondary certificate, diploma or degree	69	560	550	540	0	0	540	0	0	10
	Education		0	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	13. Education		0	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	Visual and performing arts, and communications technologies		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	10. Communications technologies/technicians and support services		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	50. Visual and performing arts		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Humanities		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	16. Indigenous and foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	23. English language and literature/letters		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	24. Liberal arts and sciences, general studies and humanities		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	30A Interdisciplinary humanities	70	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	38. Philosophy and religious studies		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	39. Theology and religious vocations		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	54. History		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	55. French language and literature/lettersCAN		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Social and behavioural sciences and law		15	15	15	0	0	15	0	0	0
	05. Area, ethnic, cultural, gender, and group studies		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	09. Communication, journalism and related programs		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	<ol><li>Family and consumer sciences/human sciences</li></ol>		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	22. Legal professions and studies		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	30B Interdisciplinary social and behavioural sciences	71	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	42. Psychology		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	45. Social sciences		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Business, management and public administration		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	10
	30.16 Accounting and computer science		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	44. Public administration and social service professions		10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10
	52. Business, management, marketing and related support services		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	Physical and life sciences and technologies		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	26. Biological and biomedical sciences		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	30.01 Biological and physical sciences		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	30C Other interdisciplinary physical and life sciences	72	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

	40. Physical sciences		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	41. Science technologies/technicians		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Mathematics, computer and information sciences		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	11. Computer and information sciences and support services		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	25. Library science		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	27. Mathematics and statistics		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	30D Interdisciplinary mathematics, computer and information sciences	73	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Architecture, engineering, and related trades	,,,	10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	04. Architecture and related services		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	14. Engineering		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	15. Engineering/engineering-related technologies/technicians		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	30.12 Historic preservation and conservation		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	46. Construction trades		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	47. Mechanic and repair technologies/technicians		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	48. Precision production		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Agriculture, natural resources and conservation		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	-		U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
	01. Agricultural and veterinary sciences/services/operations and	7.4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	related fields	74	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	03. Natural resources and conservation  Health and related fields		0	0	0 0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0	0
			0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	30.37 Design for human health		o o	0	-			0	0		
	31. Parks, recreation, leisure, fitness, and kinesiology	7.4	0	-	0	0	0	0	-	0	0
	51. Health professions and related programs	74	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	60. Health professions residency/fellowship programs		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	61. Medical residency/fellowship programs		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Personal, protective and transportation services		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	12. Culinary, entertainment, and personal services		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	28. Military science, leadership and operational art		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	29. Military technologies and applied sciences		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	43. Security and protective services		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	49. Transportation and materials moving		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Other	75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Labour force status	Total - Labour force status for the population aged 15 years and over in					_				_	
	private households - 25% sample data	76	615	600	590	0	10	585	10	0	15
	In the labour force		375	365	360	0	10	360	0	0	10
	Employed		320	310	310	0	10	300	0	0	10
	Unemployed		55	55	55	0	0	55	0	0	0
	Not in the labour force		240	235	230	0	0	225	10	0	0
	Participation rate		61	60.8	61	0	100	61.5	0	0	66.7
	Employment rate		52	51.7	52.5	0	100	51.3	0	0	66.7
	Unemployment rate		14.7	15.1	15.3	0	0	15.3	0	0	0
Class of worker	Total - Class of worker for the labour force population aged 15 years and										
	over in private households - 25% sample data	77	375	365	360	0	0	360	0	0	10
	Class of worker - not applicable	78	20	20	20	0	0	20	0	0	0
	All classes of worker	79	355	345	340	0	0	340	0	0	10
	Employee		355	345	340	0	0	335	0	0	10
	Self-employed	80	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Occupation	Total - Labour force aged 15 years and over by occupation - Broad category -										
	National Occupational Classification (NOC) 2021 - 25% sample data	81	375	365	360	0	0	360	0	0	10
	Occupation - not applicable	78	20	20	20	0	0	20	0	0	0
	All occupations	79	355	345	340	0	0	340	0	0	10
	0 Legislative and senior management occupations		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

	1 Business, finance and administration occupations		50	50	50	0	0	50	0	0	0
	2 Natural and applied sciences and related occupations		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	3 Health occupations		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	4 Occupations in education, law and social, community and										
	government services		115	115	115	0	0	110	0	0	0
	5 Occupations in art, culture, recreation and sport		25	25	25	0	0	25	0	0	0
	6 Sales and service occupations		135	130	130	0	0	125	0	0	0
	7 Trades, transport and equipment operators and related occupations		15	15	15	0	0	15	0	0	0
	8 Natural resources, agriculture and related production occupations		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	9 Occupations in manufacturing and utilities		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Industry	Total - Labour force aged 15 years and over by industry - Sectors -										
•	North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) 2017 -										
	25% sample data	82	375	365	360	0	0	360	0	0	10
	Industry - not applicable	78	20	20	20	0	0	20	0	0	0
	All industries	78 79	355	345	340	0	0	340	0	0	10
		19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	11 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting						0		0		
	21 Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction		10	10	10	0	-	10	o o	0	0
	22 Utilities		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	23 Construction		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	31-33 Manufacturing		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	41 Wholesale trade		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	44-45 Retail trade		60	60	60	0	0	60	0	0	0
	48-49 Transportation and warehousing		15	15	15	0	0	15	0	0	0
	51 Information and cultural industries		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	52 Finance and insurance		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	53 Real estate and rental and leasing		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	54 Professional, scientific and technical services		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	55 Management of companies and enterprises		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	56 Administrative and support, waste management and remediation										
	services		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	61 Educational services		50	45	45	0	0	45	0	0	10
	62 Health care and social assistance		115	110	110	0	0	110	0	0	0
	71 Arts, entertainment and recreation		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	72 Accommodation and food services		20	20	15	0	0	15	0	0	0
	81 Other services (except public administration)		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	91 Public administration		50	45	45	0	0	45	0	0	0
Work activity during	Total - Work activity during the reference year for the population aged					-			-	-	-
the reference year	15 years and over in private households - 25% sample data	83	615	600	590	10	0	585	10	0	15
are reference year	Did not work	84	220	215	210	10	0	205	10	0	10
	Worked	04	395	385	380	0	0	380	10	0	10
	Worked full time	85	335	325	325	0	0	320	0	0	10
	Worked full year, full time	63	235	230	230	0	0	230	0	0	10
	· ·						0			0	
	Worked part year, full time	06	100	95	95	0	-	95	0		10
	Worked part time	86	60	60	60	0	0	60	0	0	0
	Worked full year, part time		15	15	15	0	0	15	0	0	0
	Worked part year, part time		45	45	40	0	0	40	0	0	0
	Average weeks worked in reference year		41.7	41.5	41.6			41.6	X		44
Place of work status	Total - Place of work status for the employed labour force aged 15 years and										
	over in private households - 25% sample data	87	320	305	305	0	0	300	10	0	10
	Worked at home		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Worked outside Canada		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	No fixed workplace address		20	20	20	0	0	20	0	0	0

	Usual place of work		300	290	285	0	0	285	0	0	10
Commuting	Total - Commuting destination for the employed labour force aged 15 years										
destination	and over with a usual place of work - 25% sample data	88	295	285	285	0	10	285	0	0	10
	Commute within census subdivision (CSD) of residence		265	255	255	0	10	250	0	0	0
	Commute to a different census subdivision (CSD) within census division										
	(CD) of residence		35	35	35	0	0	30	0	0	0
	Commute to a different census subdivision (CSD) and census division										
	(CD) within province										
	or territory of residence		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Commute to a different province or territory		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Main mode of	Total - Main mode of commuting for the employed labour force aged 15										
commuting	years and over with a usual place of work or no fixed workplace address -										
	25% sample data	89	320	310	305	0	0	300	10	0	10
	Car, truck or van		130	125	120	0	0	120	10	0	10
	Car, truck or van - as a driver		75	70	70	0	0	70	0	0	0
	Car, truck or van - as a passenger		50	50	50	0	0	50	0	0	0
	Public transit		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	Walked		95	85	85	0	0	85	0	0	10
	Bicycle		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Other method		95	90	90	0	0	90	0	0	0
	Total - All languages used at work for the population in private households										
work	aged 15 years and over who worked since January 1, 2020 -										
	25% sample data	90	425	415	410	0	0	405	0	0	10
	English		35	30	30	0	0	30	0	0	0
	French		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Non-official language		135	135	135	0	0	135	0	0	0
	Indigenous	52	135	135	135	0	0	135	0	0	0
	Non-Indigenous		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	English and French		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	English and non-official language(s)		200	200	195	0	0	195	0	0	0
	French and non-official language(s)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	English, French and non-official language(s)		40	40	40	0	0	40	0	0	0
	Multiple non-official languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Indigenous languages	Total - Indigenous languages used at work for the population aged 15 years										
used at work	and over who worked since January 1, 2020, in private households -										
	25% sample data	91	425	415	410	0	0	405	0	0	10
	Official languages		290	280	280	0	0	270	0	0	0
	English		285	280	275	0	0	275	0	0	0
	French		55	50	50	0	0	50	0	0	0
	Non-official languages		380	370	370	0	0	365	0	0	0
	Indigenous languages	52	380	370	370	0	0	365	0	0	0
	Algonquian languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blackfoot		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cree-Innu languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0	0 0
	Atikamekw		-	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	
	Cree languages		0	0			-			0	0
	Ililimowin (Moose Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Inu Ayimun (Southern East Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
	Iyiyiw-Ayimiwin (Northern East Cree) Nehinawewin (Swampy Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Nehiyawewin (Swampy Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Nihithawiwin (Woods Cree)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Minimawiwiii (Woods Ciee)		U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U

Cree, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Innu (Montagnais)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Naskapi	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Eastern Algonquian languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mi'kmaq	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wolastoqewi (Malecite)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ojibway-Potawatomi languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Anicinabemowin (Algonquin)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Oji-Cree	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ojibway languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Anishinaabemowin (Chippewa)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Daawaamwin (Odawa)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Saulteau (Western Ojibway)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ojibway, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Algonquian languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Athabaskan languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern Athabaskan languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dakelh (Carrier)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dane-zaa (Beaver)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dene, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gwich'in	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Slavey-Hare languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Deh Gah Ghotie Zhatie (South Slavey)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Satuotine Yati (North Slavey)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Slavey, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tahltan languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tlicho (Dogrib)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tse'khene (Sekani)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tsilhqot'in (Chilcotin)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tsuu T'ina (Sarsi)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tutchone languages	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Northern Tutchone	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Southern Tutchone	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tutchone, n.o.s.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wetsuwet'en-Babine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Tlingit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Athabaskan languages, n.i.e.	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Haida Haida	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inuktut (Inuit) languages	380	370	370	0	0	365	0	0	0
Inuinnaqtun (Inuvialuktun)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inuinnaqtun (muvianuktun)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inumaqun Inuvialuktun	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Inuktitut				0	0		0	0	0
Inuktut (Inuit) languages, n.i.e.	380 0	370 0	370	0	0	365 0	0	0	
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iroquoian languages Mohawk									
Monawk Oneida	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Iroquoian languages, n.i.e.									
Ktunaxa (Kutenai)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Michif	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Salish languages Halkomelem	0	0	0	0	0	0 0	0 0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lillooet	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	0

	Ntlakapamux (Thompson)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Secwepemctsin (Shuswap)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Squamish		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Straits		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Syilx (Okanagan)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Salish languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Siouan languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Assiniboine		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Dakota		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Stoney		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Siouan languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Tsimshian languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Gitxsan (Gitksan)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Nisga'a		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Tsimshian		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Wakashan languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Haisla		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Heiltsuk		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Kwak'wala (Kwakiutl)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Nuu-chah-nulth (Nootka)		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Wakashan languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Indigenous languages, n.i.e.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Indigenous languages, n.o.s.		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
T	Non-Indigenous languages		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Income statistics for	Total - Income statistics in 2020 for the population aged 15 years and over	0.2	c15	505	500	0	0	505	10	0	1.5
individuals	in private households - 25% sample data	92	615	595	590	0	0	585	10	0	15
	Number of total income recipients aged 15 years and over in private							<b>-</b> 00	40		
	households in 2020 - 25% sample data		610	595	585	0	0	580	10	0	15
	Median total income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		30600	30600	30600	•••		30400	X		X
	Average total income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		33200	33200	33400	•••		33400	30000		32000
	Number of after-tax income recipients aged 15 years and over in private		610	505	505	0	0	500	10	0	1.5
	households in 2020 - 25% sample data		610	595	585	0	0	580	10	0	15
	Median after-tax income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		29600	29600	29600	•••		29600	X 20000		X 20000
	Average after-tax income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		31000	31000	31000			31000	30000		28000
	Number of market income recipients aged 15 years and over in private		505	500	570	0	0	570	10	0	1.5
	households in 2020 - 25% sample data		595 11300	580 11300	570 11400	0	0	570	10	0	15
	Median market income in 2020 among recipients (\$)  Average market income in 2020 among recipients (\$)						•••	11300	X	•••	x 20000
			18300	18300	18400		•••	18500	6000		20000
	Number of employment income recipients aged 15 years and over in		520	505	505	0	0	105	10	0	1.5
	private households in 2020 - 25% sample data  Median applicament income in 2020 among registrate (\$)		520	505	505 12700	0	0	495	10	0	15
	Median employment income in 2020 among recipients (\$)  Average employment income in 2020 among recipients (\$)		12400 19000	12600 18900	19000		•••	12400 19100	x 10000	•••	x 20000
			19000	18900	19000	•••	•••	19100	10000		20000
	Number of government transfers recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 25% sample data		505	570	560	0	0	555	10	0	15
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		585 15000	15100	560 15000						15
	Median government transfers in 2020 among recipients (\$)  Average government transfers in 2020 among recipients (\$)		16200	16300	16100			15100	x 25000		x 12000
			10200	10300	10100		•••	16100	23000	•••	12000
	Number of employment insurance benefits recipients aged 15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 25% sample data		60	55	60	0	0	55	0	0	0
	Median employment insurance benefits in 2020 among recipients (\$)		8700	8400	8400			8200			
	Average employment insurance benefits in 2020 among recipients (\$)		9600	9600	9600	•••		9200 9200	•••		•••
	Number of COVID-19 emergency and recovery benefits recipients aged		2000	7000	2000		•••	9200	•••		•••
	15 years and over in private households in 2020 - 25% sample data		200	200	200	_	_	200	•	•	4.0
	15 Jours and over in private nouseholds in 2020 - 25 /0 sample data		300	290	280	0	0	280	0	0	10

	Median COVID-19 emergency and recovery benefits in 2020 among recipients (\$)		8000	8000	8000			8000			v
	Average COVID-19 emergency and recovery benefits in 2020 among		8000	8000	8000	•••		8000		•••	X
	recipients (\$)		9200	9100	9100			9100			10000
Employment income	Total - Employment income statistics in 2020 for the population aged 15										
statistics for earners	years and over in private households - 25% sample data	93	615	595	590	0	0	585	10	0	15
	Number of employment income recipients in 2020 who worked full-year full-time in 2020 - 25% sample data	94	225	215	220	0	0	215	0	0	0
	Median employment income in 2020 for full-year full-time workers in 2020 (\$)	95	19600	19600	20000			20200			
	Average employment income in 2020 for full-year full-time workers in					•••			•••	•••	
	2020 (\$)  Number of employment income recipients in 2020 who worked part-year	96	27200	26800	27000	•••		27000			
	or part-time in 2020 - 25% sample data	97	155	150	145	0	0	145	0	0	0
	Median employment income in 2020 of those who worked part-year or										
	part-time in 2020 (\$)		10900	10800	10900			10900			
	Average employment income in 2020 of those who worked part-year										
	or part-time in 2020 (\$)		15000	15200	15400			15400			
Composition of total	Composition of total income in 2020 of the population aged 15 years and										
come	over in private households (%) - 25% sample data	98	100	100	100			100	100		100
	Market income (%)	99	54	53.6	54			54.4	16		60
	Employment income (%)	100	48.4	48.4	48.8			48.8	16		60
	Government transfers (%)	101	46.4	46.4	46			46	80		30
	Employment insurance benefits (%)		2.8	2.8	2.8			2.6			
	COVID-19 - Government income support and benefits (%)		15.1	15.1	14.9			14.9	25		16
	COVID-19 - Emergency and recovery benefits (%)		13.4	13.4	13.2			13.2			12
otal income groups	Total - Total income groups in 2020 for the population aged 15 years and										
	over in private households - 25% sample data	102	615	595	590	0	0	585	10	0	15
	Without total income		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	With total income		610	595	585	0	0	580	10	0	15
	Under \$10,000 (including loss)		75	70	70	0	0	65	0	0	0
	\$10,000 to \$19,999		85	85	85	0	0	85	0	0	0
	\$20,000 to \$29,999		140	140	135	0	0	135	0	0	0
	\$30,000 to \$39,999		120	115	115	0	0	110	0	0	0
	\$40,000 to \$49,999		85	85	85	0	0	85	0	0	0
	\$50,000 to \$59,999		45	45	45	0	0	45	0	0	0
	\$60,000 to \$69,999		20	20	20	0	0	20	0	0	0
	\$70,000 to \$79,999		20	20	20	0	0	20	0	0	0
	\$80,000 to \$89,999		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	\$90,000 to \$99,999		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	\$100,000 and over		0	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	\$100,000 to \$149,999		0	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
£	\$150,000 and over		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ü	0
After-tax income	Total - After-tax income groups in 2020 for the population aged 15 years	102	615	505	500	0	0	E0E	10	0	1.5
roups	and over in private households - 25% sample data Without after-tax income	103	615 0	595 0	590 0	0	0 0	585 0	10 0	0	15 0
	With after-tax income  With after-tax income			595	585	0	0	580	10	0	
			610			0				0	15 0
	Under \$10,000 (including loss) \$10,000 to \$19,999		75 85	70 80	70 80	0	0	65 80	0	0	0
	\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999		85 150	80 145	80 145	0	0	80 140	0	0	0
	\$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999		135	130	130	0	0	130	0	0	0
	\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999		90	90	85	0	0	85	0	0	0
	φ <del>+</del> υ,υυυ ιυ φ+ <i>7,777</i>		90	90	83	U	U	83	U	U	U

	\$50,000 to \$59,999		30	30	25	0	0	25	0	0	0
	\$60,000 to \$69,999		35	35	35	0	0	35	0	0	0
	\$70,000 to \$79,999		10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	\$80,000 to \$89,999		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	\$90,000 to \$99,999		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	\$100,000 and over		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Employment income	Total - Employment income groups in 2020 for the population aged 15 years										
groups	and over in private households - 25% sample data	93	615	595	590	0	0	585	10	0	15
	Without employment income		95	95	90	0	0	90	0	0	0
	With employment income		520	505	505	0	0	495	10	0	15
	Under \$5,000 (including loss)		150	150	145	0	0	145	0	0	0
	\$5,000 to \$9,999		75	70	75	0	0	75	0	0	0
	\$10,000 to \$19,999		130	120	120	0	0	115	0	0	0
	\$20,000 to \$29,999		50	50	50	0	0	50	0	0	0
	\$30,000 to \$39,999		35	30	30	0	0	30	0	0	0
	\$40,000 to \$49,999		45	45	45	0	0	45	0	0	0
						0	0		0	-	
	\$50,000 to \$59,999		15	15	15	-		15	· ·	0	0
	\$60,000 to \$69,999		10	10	10	0	0	10	0	0	0
	\$70,000 to \$79,999		10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	\$80,000 to \$89,999		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	\$90,000 to \$99,999		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	\$100,000 and over		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Income statistics in	Total - Income statistics in 2019 for the population aged 15 years and over										
2019	in private households - 25% sample data	104	615	595	590	0	0	585	10	0	15
	Number of total income recipients aged 15 years and over in private										
	households in 2019 - 25% sample data		590	575	565	0	0	560	10	0	15
	Median total income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		23800	23600	23800			23800	x		X
	Average total income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		25800	25700	25700			25700	25000		32000
	Number of after-tax income recipients aged 15 years and over in private										
	households in 2019 - 25% sample data		590	575	565	0	0	560	10	0	15
	Median after-tax income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		23600	23400	23600			23600	X		X
	Average after-tax income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		24500	24400	24300			24400	25000	•••	28000
			24300	24400	24300	•••		24400	23000		28000
	Number of market income recipients aged 15 years and over in private		575	5.00	555	0	0	550	10	0	1.5
	households in 2019 - 25% sample data		575	560	555			550	10	-	15
	Median market income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		12600	12400	12400	•••		12400	X		X 20000
	Average market income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		16900	16600	16600	•••		16600	12000		28000
	Number of employment income recipients aged 15 years and over in					_	_			_	
	private households in 2019 - 25% sample data		535	520	515	0	0	510	10	0	15
	Median employment income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		12100	12000	12000	•••		12000	X		X
	Average employment income in 2019 among recipients (\$)		16500	16200	16200			16200	16000		28000
	Number of government transfers recipients aged 15 years and over in										
	private households in 2019 - 25% sample data		570	555	545	0	0	545	10	0	15
	Median government transfers in 2019 among recipients (\$)		5400	5760	5640			5400	X		X
	Average government transfers in 2019 among recipients (\$)		9680	9800	9680			9720	16000		4000
	Number of employment insurance benefits recipients aged 15 years and										
	over in private households in 2019 - 25% sample data		65	65	65	0	0	65	0	0	0
	Median employment insurance benefits in 2019 among recipients (\$)		7100	7100	7100			7100			
	Average employment insurance benefits in 2019 among recipients (\$)		10800	10800	10800			10800	•••		
Employment income	Total - Employment income statistics in 2019 for the population aged 15					•••			•••	•••	•••
1 2	years and over in private households - 25% sample data	105	615	595	590	0	0	585	10	0	15
2019	Number of employment income recipients in 2019 who worked full-year	100	013	373	370	Ü	U	303	10	U	1.5
	full-time in 2020 - 25% sample data	94	225	215	215	0	0	215	0	0	0
	run time in 2020 - 25 /0 sample data	74	223	213	213	U	U	213	U	U	U

Median employment income in 2019 for full year full time worker in 2010 (a) 1590   1												
Marche   M			05	15000	15900	15800			15900			
Section   1000		***	)3	13700	13600	13600			13000			
Part			96	19400	19000	19000			19000			
Mellan employment income in 2019 of those who whole plant-year or part income in 2019 of those who weeked part year or part income in 2019 of these who weeked part year or part income in 2019 of the population aged 15 years and the content of 2019 of the population aged 15 years and the content of 2019 of the population aged 15 years and the content of 2019 of the population aged 15 years and the content of 2019 of the population aged 15 years and the content of 2019 of the population aged 15 years and the content of 2019 of the population aged 15 years and the content of 2019 of the population aged 15 years and the content of 2019 of 2												
Partition in 2020 (S)   14900   1490		•	97	145	145	145	0	0	145	0	0	0
Average employment income in 2019 of those who worked part year orp art time in 2020 (5)												
Composition of total Composition of total Configuration and 2019 of the population aged 15 years and 100 composition of total Configuration of total Configuration aged 15 years and 100 composition of total Configuration (16%) composition of total Configuration (16%) composition of total Configuration (16%) composition (16%) composit		part-time in 2020 (\$)		14900	13900	14900			14400			
Composition of tool   Composition of tool income in 2019 of the population aged 15 years and income in 2019   Market income (%)		* * *										
income in 2019		or part-time in 2020 (\$)		18000	17600	17600			17600			
Market income (%)	*											
Employment income (%)	income in 2019	*										100
Mathematical Registry (%)   36   36,8   36,4     36,4   60		` '										80
Employment insurance benefits (%)   4,8		* *					•••				•••	80
LIM low-income status   Total - LIM low-income status in 2020 for the population in private   106										60		12
Noseholds - 25% sample data   106   615   600   590   0   0   585   10   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0		* *		4.4	4.8	4.8			4.8			
10 to 17 years	LIM low-income statu	* * *					_	_				
1		•	106									15
18 to 64 years   615   600   590   0   0   585   10   0   0   65 years and over   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0		•										0
1		•										0
In low income based on the Low-income measure, after tax (LIM-AT)   100   95   95   00   0   95   00   00   0		•										15
10 to 17 years   0 to 17 years   0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		•										0
1								-			-	0
18 to 64 years and over   100   55   95   00   0   95   00   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0					-			-		-		0
65 years and over   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0										-		0
Prevalence of low income based on the Low-income measure, after tax (LIM-AT) (%)   15.8   15.8   16     x   16   x										-	-	0
AT) (%)		ž		O	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü	Ü	· ·	O	Ü
10 to 17 years (%)				15.8	15.8	16		x	16	x		x
18 to 64 years (%)   18 to 6		, , ,										
18 to 64 years (%)   15.8   15.8   16     x   16   x												
1		• • • •										X
Descript Status   Households - 25% sample data   107   615   600   590   0   0   580   10   0     Poverty rate (%)   108   8.1   8.3   8.5   0   0   8.6   0   0     Descript Frate (%)   108   8.1   8.3   8.5   0   0   8.6   0   0     Descript Frate (%)   108   8.1   8.3   8.5   0   0   8.6   0   0     Descript Frate (%)   108   8.1   8.3   8.5   0   0   8.6   0   0     Descript Frate (%)   108   8.1   8.3   8.5   0   0   8.6   0   0     Descript Frate (%)   108   8.1   8.3   8.5   0   0   8.6   0   0     Descript Frate (%)   108   108   108   108   108     Descript Frate (%)   108   108   108   108   108     Descript Frate (%)   108   108   108   108     Descript Frate (%)   108   108   108   108     Descript Frate (%)   108     Descri		65 years and over (%)										
Poverty rate (%)	Individual MBM	Total - Individual MBM poverty status in 2020 for the population in private										
LICO low-income status in 2020 for the population in private status  Total - LICO low-income status in 2020 for the population in private status  109 610 600 590 10 0 585 10 0  0 to 17 years 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  18 to 64 years 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	poverty status	households - 25% sample data	107	615	600	590	0	0	580	10	0	15
Status   Households to whom the low-income concept is applicable - 25% sample data   109   610   600   590   10   0   585   10   0   0   0   10   17 years   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0   0		Poverty rate (%)	108	8.1	8.3	8.5	0	0	8.6	0	0	0
data 109 610 600 590 10 0 585 10 0 0 to 17 years 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 to 5 years 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 18 to 64 years 610 600 590 10 0 585 10 0 65 years and over 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 In low income based on the Low-income cut-offs, after tax (LICO-AT) 20 20 20 20 0 0 0 20 0 0 to 17 years 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 to 5 years 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 to 5 years 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 to 5 years 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 to 5 years 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 to 5 years 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 to 5 years 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 to 5 years 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 to 5 years 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 to 5 years and over 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 to 5 years and over 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 to 5 years and over 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 to 5 years and over 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	LICO low-income	Total - LICO low-income status in 2020 for the population in private										
0 to 17 years       0       <	status	households to whom the low-income concept is applicable - 25% sample										
0 to 5 years       0 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>109</td><td>610</td><td>600</td><td>590</td><td>10</td><td>0</td><td>585</td><td>10</td><td></td><td>15</td></t<>			109	610	600	590	10	0	585	10		15
18 to 64 years 610 65 years and over 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		•										0
65 years and over 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				-	-					-	· ·	0
In low income based on the Low-income cut-offs, after tax (LICO-AT)  0 20 20 20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		•										15
0 to 17 years       0       <		•						-			-	0
0 to 5 years  0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0  18 to 64 years  20 20 20 0 0 0 0 0 0  65 years and over  Prevalence of low income based on the Low-income cut-offs, after tax  (LICO-AT) (%)  2.8 2.8 2.8 x 2.8 x  0 to 17 years (%)  0 to 5 years (%)								-				0
18 to 64 years 20 20 20 0 0 0 20 0 0 0 65 years and over 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		•		-	-		-	•		-	-	0
65 years and over 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Prevalence of low income based on the Low-income cut-offs, after tax (LICO-AT) (%) 2.8 2.8 2.8 x 2.8 x 0 to 17 years (%)		•		-	-		-	-		-	-	0
Prevalence of low income based on the Low-income cut-offs, after tax (LICO-AT) (%)  2.8  2.8  2.8   x  2.8  x   0 to 17 years (%)		·										0
(LICO-AT) (%)  2.8 2.8 2.8 x 2.8 x  0 to 17 years (%)		•		U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
0 to 17 years (%)				2.8	2.8	2.8		v	2.8	v		v
0.45 5		, , , ,			4.0					Х		X
					•••							
		0 to 5 years (70)		•••	•••	•••			•••	•••	•••	

## Symbol(s):

...: not applicable

x: suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act

## Notes

- [1] Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain reserves and settlements in the Census of Population. For more information on Indigenous variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Indigenous Peoples Reference Guide Census of Population 2021 and the Indigenous Peoples Technical Report Census of Population 2021.
- [2] This category includes persons who identify as First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and/or Inuk (Inuit) and/or those who report being Registered or Treaty Indians (that is registered under the Indian Act of Canada) and/or those who report having membership in a First Nation or Indian band.
- [3] This category includes persons who identify as only one Indigenous group that is First Nations (North American Indian) Métis or Inuk (Inuit).
- [4] This category includes persons who identify as any two or all three of the following: First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and/or Inuk (Inuit).
- [5] This category includes persons who do not identify as First Nations (North American Indian) Métis or Inuk (Inuit) but who report having Registered or Treaty Indian status and/or Membership in a First Nation or Indian band.
- [6] This category includes men (and/or boys) as well as some non-binary persons.
- Given that the non-binary population is small data aggregation to a two-category gender variable is sometimes necessary to protect the confidentiality of responses provided. In these cases individuals in the category "non-binary persons" are distributed into the other two gender categories and are denoted by the "+" symbol.
- [7] This category includes women (and/or girls) as well as some non-binary persons.
- Given that the non-binary population is small data aggregation to a two-category gender variable is sometimes necessary to protect the confidentiality of responses provided. In these cases individuals in the category "non-binary persons" are distributed into the other two gender categories and are denoted by the "+" symbol.
- [8] Stepfamilies can only be identified among families which include "Person 1" the first person identified in the census household questionnaire. As a result it is possible that the count of stepfamilies is slightly underestimated and in turn the count of two-parent non-stepfamilies slightly overestimated. In 2021 98% of two-parent families included Person 1.
- [9] A stepfamily with no step or half-siblings. All children are the biological or adopted children of one and only one spouse or partner in the couple.
- [10] A stepfamily with at least one step or half-sibling in any of the following configurations: a family in which there is at least one child of both spouses or partners in the couple and at least one child of only one spouse or partner in the couple
- [11] Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain reserves and settlements in the Census of Population.

For more information on Indigenous variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Indigenous Peoples Reference Guide Census of Population 2021 and the Indigenous Peoples Technical Report Census of Population 2021.

- [12] Registered or Treaty Indian status†refers to whether or not a person is a Registered or Treaty Indian. Registered Indians are persons who are registered under the Indian Act of Canada. Treaty Indians are persons who belong to a First Nation or Indian band that signed a treaty with the Crown. Registered or Treaty Indians are sometimes also called Status Indians.
- [13] Indigenous ancestry' refers to whether a person has ancestry associated with the Indigenous peoples of Canada that is First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and/or Inuit. Aboriginal peoples (referred to here as Indigenous peoples) of Canada are defined in the Constitution Act 1982 Section 35 (2) as including the Indian Inuit and Métis peoples of Canada. The term 'Aboriginal' has been replaced with the updated term of 'Indigenous' when referring to individuals who identify themselves as First Nations people Métis and/or Inuit. Ancestry refers to the ethnic or cultural origins of the person's ancestors an ancestor being usually more distant than a grandparent. A person can have more than one ethnic or cultural origin.

Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain reserves and settlements in the Census of Population.

For more information on Indigenous variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Indigenous Peoples Reference Guide Census of Population 2021 and the Indigenous Peoples Technical Report Census of Population 2021.

- [14] Indigenous ancestry (only)' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and/or Inuit ancestry. It excludes persons with non-Indigenous ancestry.
- [15] Single Indigenous ancestry (only)' includes persons who have only one of First Nations (North American Indian) Métis or Inuit ancestry. It excludes persons with non-Indigenous ancestry.
- [16] Multiple Indigenous ancestries (only)' includes persons who have two or more of First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and Inuit ancestries. It excludes persons with non-Indigenous ancestry.
- [17] Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and/or Inuit ancestry as well as non-Indigenous ancestry.
- [18] Single Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries' includes persons who have First Nations (North American Indian) Métis or Inuit ancestry as well as non-Indigenous ancestry.
- [19] Multiple Indigenous and non-Indigenous ancestries' includes persons who have two or more of First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and Inuit ancestries as well as non-Indigenous ancestry.
- [20] 'Non-Indigenous ancestry (only)' includes persons who have non-Indigenous ancestry only.
- [21] Indigenous ancestry refers to whether a person has ancestry associated with the Indigenous peoples of Canada that is First Nations (North American Indian) Métis and/or Inuit. Aboriginal peoples (referred to here as Indigenous peoples) of Canada are defined in the Constitution Act 1982 Section 35 (2) as including the Indian Inuit and Métis peoples of Canada.

Because of computer system constraints the following ethnic or cultural origin categories that include special characters cannot be presented correctly; Kwakwaka'wakw n.o.s.

Users should be aware that the estimates associated with this variable are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain reserves and settlements in the Census of Population.

For more information on Indigenous variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Indigenous Peoples Reference Guide Census of Population 2021 and the Indigenous Peoples Technical Report Census of Population 2021. For more information on ethnic or cultural origin variables please refer to the Ethnic or Cultural Origin Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

- [22] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating North American Indigenous origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Aboriginal" "Indigenous").
- [23] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating First Nations (North American Indian) origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "First Nations" "North American Indian").
- [24] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Anishinaabe origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Anishinaabe").
- [25] The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes specific Anishinaabe origins not included elsewhere (e.g. "Mississauga" "Nipissing").
- [26] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Blackfoot origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Blackfoot").
- [27] The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes specific Blackfoot origins not included elsewhere (e.g. "Blackfeet").
- [28] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Cree origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Cree").
- [29] The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes specific Cree origins not included elsewhere (e.g. "Northern Quebec Cree" "James Bay Cree").
- [30] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Dene origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Dene").
- [31] The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes specific Dene origins not included elsewhere (e.g. "Athabaskan" "Tagish").
- [32] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Innu origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Innu " "Montagnais").
- [33] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Iroquoian (Haudenosaunee) origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Iroquois" "Haudenosaunee").
- [34] The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes specific Iroquoian (Haudenosaunee) origins not included elsewhere (e.g. "Onondaga" "Seneca").
- [35] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Kwakwaka'wakw origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Kwakwaka'wakw").
- [36] The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes specific Kwakwaka'wakw origins not included elsewhere (e.g. "Gwa'sala" "Nakwaxda'xw").
- [37] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Mi'kmaq origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Mi'kmaq").
- [38] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Nuu-chah-nulth origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Nuu-chah-nulth").
- [39] The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes specific Nuu-chah-nulth origins not included elsewhere (e.g. "Hesquiaht" "Huu-ay-aht").
- [40] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Salish origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Salish").
- [41] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Coast Salish origins not otherwise specified (e.g., "Coast Salish").
- [42] The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes specific Coast Salish origins not included elsewhere (e.g. "Halalt" "Malahat").
- [43] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Interior Salish origins not otherwise specified (e.g. "Interior Salish").
- [44] The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes specific Interior Salish origins not included elsewhere (e.g. "Sinixt").
- [45] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Sioux origins not otherwise specified (e.g., "Sioux").
- [46] The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes specific First Nations (North American Indian) origins not included elsewhere (e.g. "Crow" "Nez Perce").
- [47] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses indicating Inuit origins not otherwise specified (e.g., "Inuit").
- [48] The abbreviation "n.i.e." means "not included elsewhere." This category includes specific Inuit origins not included elsewhere (e.g. "Copper Inuit" "Labrador Inuit").
- [49] Knowledge of official languages†refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in English only French only in both or in neither language. For a child who has not yet learned to speak this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home.

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[50] First official language spoken refers to the first official language (English or French) spoken by the person.

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[51] Mother tongue refers to the first language learned at home in childhood and still understood by the person at the time the data was collected. If the person no longer understands the first language learned the mother tongue is the second language learned. For a person who learned more than one language at the same time in early childhood the mother tongue is the language this person spoke most often at home before starting school. The person has more than one mother tongue only if they learned these languages at the same time and still understands them. For a child who has not yet learned to speak the mother tongue is the language spoken most often to this child at home. A child who has not yet learned to speak has more than one mother tongue only if these languages are spoken to them equally often so that the child learns these languages at the same time.

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

n.i.e. = not included elsewhere

n.o.s. = not otherwise specified

- [52] Users should be aware that estimates associated with Indigenous languages are more affected than most by the incomplete enumeration of certain reserves and settlements in the Census of Population.
- [53] All languages spoken at home refers to all languages that the person speaks at home on a regular basis at the time of data collection.

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

n.i.e. = not included elsewhere

n.o.s. = not otherwise specified

[54] Knowledge of official languages refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in English only French only in both or in neither language. For a child who has not yet learned to speak this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home.

Knowledge of non-official languages refers to whether the person can conduct a conversation in a language other than English or French. For a child who has not yet learned to speak this includes languages that the child is learning to speak at home. The number of languages that can be reported may vary between surveys depending on the objectives of the survey.

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

n.i.e. = not included elsewhere

n.o.s. = not otherwise specified

[55] Religion refers to the person's self-identification as having a connection or affiliation with any religious denomination group body or other religiously defined community or system of belief. Religion is not limited to formal membership in a religious organization or group.

This variable shows the aggregated responses to the religion question.

For infants or children religion refers to the specific religious group or denomination in which they are being raised if any.

Persons without a religious connection or affiliation can self-identify as atheist agnostic or humanist or can provide another applicable response.

For more information on religion variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Religion Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

- [56] The abbreviation "n.o.s." means "not otherwise specified." This category includes responses of "Christian" not otherwise specified (e.g. "Christianity").
- [57] Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day May 11 2021 in relation to the place of residence on the same date one year earlier at the provincial level. Persons who have not moved are referred to as non-movers and persons who have moved from one residence to another are referred to as movers. Movers include non-migrants and migrants. Non-migrants are persons who did move but remained in the same city town township village or Indian reserve. Migrants include internal migrants who moved to a different city town township village or Indian reserve within Canada. External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date.
- [58] Refers to the status of a person with regard to the place of residence on the reference day May 11 2021 in relation to the place of residence on the same date five years earlier at the provincial level. Persons who have not moved are referred to as non-movers and persons who have moved from one residence to another are referred to as movers. Movers include non-migrants and migrants. Non-migrants are persons who did move but remained in the same city town township village or Indian reserve. Migrants include internal migrants who moved to a different city town township village or Indian reserve within Canada. External migrants include persons who lived outside Canada at the earlier reference date.
- [59] For information on data quality for this variable refer to the Education Reference Guide Census of Population 2021 Catalogue no. 98-500-X2021013.
- [60] For this category 'postsecondary certificate or diploma' includes only the categories 'apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma' and 'college CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma.'
- [61] This includes all persons with a high school diploma or equivalency certificate regardless of whether they also completed a postsecondary certificate diploma or degree.
- [62] Postsecondary certificate diploma or degree' includes 'apprenticeship or trades certificate or diploma 'college CEGEP or other non-university certificate or diploma' and university certificates diplomas and degrees.
- [63] 'High (secondary) school diploma or equivalency certificate' includes only people who have this as their highest educational credential. It excludes persons with a postsecondary certificate diploma or degree.
- [64] Non-apprenticeship trades certificate or diploma' includes trades certificates or diplomas such as pre-employment or vocational certificates and diplomas from brief trade programs completed at colleges institutes of technology vocational centres and similar institutions. It also includes qualifications from vocational training programs in the province of Quebec such as the Diplôme d'études professionnelles (DEP)/Diploma of Vocational Studies (DVS).
- [65] 'Apprenticeship certificate' includes Certificates of Apprenticeship Certificates of Qualification and Journeyperson's designations.
- [66] College CEGEP and other non-university certificates and diplomas obtained from programs that are typically completed in less than 3 months are not included in this category.
- [67] 'Earned doctorate' does not include honorary doctorates.
- [68] This variable shows the 'Variant of CIP 2021 Alternative primary groupings 'with the hierarchy of the primary groupings and two-digit series. When a primary grouping contains more than one subseries from series '30. Multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary studies 'these subseries are grouped together. An exception is made for '30.01 Biological and physical sciences' due to its large size. For more information on the CIP classification see the Classification of Instructional Programs Canada 2021. For information on classification and data quality for this variable refer to the Education Reference Guide Census of Population 2021 Catalogue no. 98-500-X2021013.
- [69] No postsecondary certificate diploma or degree' is made up of persons who have not completed any credentials above a high school diploma.
- [70] Includes '30.13 Medieval and renaissance studies' '30.21 Holocaust and related studies' '30.22 Classical and ancient studies' '30.29 Maritime studies' '30.45 History and language/literature' '30.47 Linguistics and anthropology' '30.51 Integrated philosophy politics and economics' '30.52 Digital humanities and textual studies' and '30.53 Thanatology'.
- [71] Includes '30.05 Peace studies and conflict resolution' '30.11 Gerontology' '30.14 Museology/museum studies' '30.15 Science technology and society' '30.17 Behavioural sciences' '30.20 International/globalization studies' '30.23 Intercultural/multicultural and diversity studies' '30.25 Cognitive science' '30.26 Cultural studies/critical theory and analysis' '30.28 Dispute resolution' '30.31 Human computer interaction' '30.33 Sustainability studies' '30.34 Anthrozoology' '30.36 Cultural studies and comparative literature' '30.40 Economics and foreign language/literature' '30.44 Geography and environmental studies' and '30.46 History and political science'.
- [72] Includes '30.10 Biopsychology' '30.18 Natural sciences' '30.19 Nutrition sciences' '30.27 Human biology' '30.32 Marine sciences' '30.35 Climate science' '30.38 Earth systems science' '30.41 Environmental geosciences' '30.42 Geoarchaeology' '30.43 Geobiology' and '30.50 Mathematics and atmospheric/oceanic science'.
- [73] Includes '30.06 Systems science and theory' '30.08 Mathematics and computer science' '30.30 Computational science' '30.39 Economics and computer science' '30.48 Linguistics and computer science' '30.49 Mathematical economics' '30.70 Data science' and '30.71 Data analytics'.
- [74] Veterinary medicine veterinary science veterinary technology and veterinary administrative support services which were included in series '51. Health professions and related programs' in CIP 2016 are now included in series '01. Agricultural and veterinary sciences/services/operations and related fields' in CIP 2021.
- [75] Includes '30.00 Inclusive postsecondary education' and '30.99 Multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary studies other'.

[76] Refers to whether a person aged 15 years and over was employed unemployed or not in the labour force during the week of Sunday May 2 to Saturday May 8 2021.

For information on the comparability of the 2021 Census labour force status data with those of the Labour Force Survey see Appendix 2.11 of the Dictionary Census of Population 2021.

[77] Class of worker including job permanency refers to whether a person is a paid employee or is self-employed. Employees' positions are further classified as either permanent or temporary.

[78] Includes unemployed persons aged 15 years and over who have never worked for pay or in self-employment or who had last worked prior to January 1 2020.

[79] Includes persons aged 15 years and over in the labour force who have worked at some point in time between January 1 2020 and May 8 2021.

[80] Includes self-employed persons aged 15 years and over with or without an incorporated business and with or without paid help as well as unpaid family workers.

[81] Refers to the kind of work performed by persons aged 15 years and over as determined by their kind of work and the description of the main activities in their job. The occupation data are produced according to the National Occupational Classification [NOC] 2021 version 1.0.

[82] Refers to the general nature of the business carried out in the establishment where the person worked. The industry data are produced according to the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Canada 2017 Version 3.0.

[83] Refers to the number of weeks in which a person aged 15 years and over worked for pay or in self-employment in 2020 at all jobs held even if only for a few hours and whether these weeks were mostly full time (30 hours or more per week) or mostly part time (less than 30 hours per week).

[84] Includes persons aged 15 years and over who never worked persons who worked prior to 2020 and persons who worked in 2021 but not in 2020.

[85] Includes persons aged 15 years and over who worked mostly full time (30 hours or more per week). Full year is 49 weeks and more. Part year is less than 49 weeks.

[86] Includes persons aged 15 years and over who worked mostly part time (less than 30 hours per week). Full year is 49 weeks and more. Part year is less than 49 weeks.

[87] Place of work status refers to whether a person worked at home worked outside Canada had no fixed workplace address or worked at a specific address (usual place of work).

[88] Commuting destination refers to whether or not a person commutes to another municipality (i.e. census subdivision) another census division or another province or territory. Commuting refers to the travel of a person to their usual place of work.

[89] Main mode of commuting refers to the main mode of transportation a person uses to travel to their place of work.

The census assumes that the commute to work originates from the usual place of residence but this may not always be the case. Sometimes respondents may be on a business trip and may have reported their place of work or main mode of commuting based on where they were working during the trip. Some persons maintain a residence close to work and commute to their home on weekends. Students often work after school at a location near their school. As a result the data may show unusual commutes or unusual main modes of commuting.

[90] All languages used at work refers to all languages that the person uses in their job on a regular basis.

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[91] All languages used at work refers to all languages that the person uses in their job on a regular basis.

n.i.e. = not included elsewhere

n.o.s. = not otherwise specified

For more information on language variables including information on their classifications the questions from which they are derived data quality and their comparability with other sources of data please refer to the Languages Reference Guide Census of Population 2021.

[92] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

\*statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons private households census families and economic families

\*statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises companies establishments and locations

\*statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons total income refers to receipts from certain sources before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of households total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

\*employment income from wages salaries tips commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities)

\*income from investment sources such as dividends and interest on bonds accounts guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds

\*income from employer and personal pension sources such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs)

\*other regular cash income such as child support payments received spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships

\*income from government sources such as social assistance child benefits Employment Insurance benefits Old Age Security benefits COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

\*one-time receipts such as lottery winnings gambling winnings cash inheritances lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals

\*capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income

\*employers' contributions to registered pension plans Canada Pension Plan Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance

\*voluntary inter-household transfers imputed rent goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes provincial and territorial income taxes less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

Market income - The sum of employment income (wages salaries and commissions net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice) investment income private retirement income (retirement pensions superannuation and annuities including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

Government transfers - All cash benefits received from federal provincial territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes:

- \*Old Age Security pension Guaranteed Income Supplement Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor
- \*retirement disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan
- \*benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan
- \*child benefits from federal and provincial programs
- \*social assistance benefits
- \*workers' compensation benefits
- \*Canada workers benefit (CWB)
- \*Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit
- \*other income from government sources.

For the 2021 Census this includes various benefits from new and existing federal provincial and territorial government income programs intended to provide financial support to individuals affected by the COVID-19 pandemic and the public health measures implemented to minimize the spread of the virus.

Employment income - All income received as wages salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves i.e. the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group. Average incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

[93] Employment income - All income received as wages salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period. For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[94] Full-year full-time workers - Persons aged 15 years and over who worked mostly full time (30 hours or more per week) and full year (49 weeks and over per year) in 2020. For more information see variable work activity in 2020 Dictionary Census of Population 2021.

[95] Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves i.e. the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

[96] Average income - Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group. Average incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

[97] Part year or part time workers - Persons aged 15 years and over who worked mostly part time (less than 30 hours per week) or 48 weeks or less during 2020. For more information see variable work activity in 2020 Dictionary Census of Population 2021.

[98] Composition of total income - The composition of the total income of a population group or a geographic area refers to the relative share of each income source or group of sources expressed as a percentage of the aggregate total income of that group or area.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[99] Market income - The sum of employment income (wages salaries and commissions net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice) investment income private retirement income (retirement pensions superannuation and annuities including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[100] Employment income - All income received as wages salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period. For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[101] Government transfers - All cash benefits received from federal provincial territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes:

- \*Old Age Security pension Guaranteed Income Supplement Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor
- \*retirement disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan
- \*benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan
- \*child benefits from federal and provincial programs
- \*social assistance benefits
- \*workers' compensation benefits

- \*Canada workers benefit (CWB)
- \*Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit
- \*other income from government sources.

For the 2021 Census this includes various benefits from new and existing federal provincial and territorial government income programs intended to provide financial support to individuals affected by the COVID-19 pandemic and the public health measures implemented to minimize the spread of the virus.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[102] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

- \*statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons private households census families and economic families
- \*statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises companies establishments and locations
- \*statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons total income refers to receipts from certain sources before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of households total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

\*employment income from wages salaries tips commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities)

\*income from investment sources such as dividends and interest on bonds accounts guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds

\*income from employer and personal pension sources such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs)

\*other regular cash income such as child support payments received spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships

\*income from government sources such as social assistance child benefits Employment Insurance benefits Old Age Security benefits COVID-19 benefits and Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

\*one-time receipts such as lottery winnings gambling winnings cash inheritances lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals

\*capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income

\*employers' contributions to registered pension plans Canada Pension Plan Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance

\*voluntary inter-household transfers imputed rent goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[103] After-tax income - After-tax income refers to total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes provincial and territorial income taxes less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

[104] Total income - The sum of certain incomes (in cash and in some circumstances in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between:

\*statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons private households census families and economic families

\*statistical units of business statistical programs such as enterprises companies establishments and locations

\*statistical units of farm statistical programs such as farm operator and farm family.

In the context of persons total income refers to receipts from certain sources before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of census families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of economic families total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all of its family members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

In the context of households total income refers to receipts from certain sources of all household members before income taxes and deductions during a specified reference period.

The monetary receipts included are those that tend to be of a regular and recurring nature. Receipts that are included as income are:

\*employment income from wages salaries tips commissions and net income from self-employment (for both unincorporated farm and non-farm activities)

\*income from investment sources such as dividends and interest on bonds accounts guaranteed investment certificates (GICs) and mutual funds

\*income from employer and personal pension sources such as private pensions and payments from annuities and registered retirement income funds (RRIFs)

\*other regular cash income such as child support payments received spousal support payments (alimony) received and scholarships

\*income from government sources such as social assistance child benefits Employment Insurance benefits Old Age Security benefits Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan benefits and disability income.

Receipts excluded from this income definition are:

\*one-time receipts such as lottery winnings gambling winnings cash inheritances lump-sum insurance settlements and tax-free savings account (TFSA) or registered retirement savings plan (RRSP) withdrawals

\*capital gains because they are not by their nature regular and recurring. It is further assumed that they are more relevant to the concept of wealth than the concept of income

\*employers' contributions to registered pension plans Canada Pension Plan Québec Pension Plan and Employment Insurance

\*voluntary inter-household transfers imputed rent goods and services produced for barter and goods produced for own consumption.

After-tax income - Total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes provincial and territorial income taxes less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

Market income - The sum of employment income (wages salaries and commissions net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice) investment income private retirement income (retirement pensions superannuation and annuities including those from registered retirement savings plans [RRSPs] and registered retirement income funds [RRIFs]) and other money income from market sources during the reference period. It is equivalent to total income minus government transfers. It is also referred to as income before transfers and taxes.

Government transfers - All cash benefits received from federal provincial territorial or municipal governments during the reference period. It includes:

- \*Old Age Security pension Guaranteed Income Supplement Allowance or Allowance for the Survivor
- \*retirement disability and survivor benefits from Canada Pension Plan and Québec Pension Plan
- \*benefits from Employment Insurance and Québec parental insurance plan
- \*child benefits from federal and provincial programs
- \*social assistance benefits
- \*workers' compensation benefits
- \*Canada workers benefit (CWB)
- \*Goods and services tax credit and harmonized sales tax credit
- \*other income from government sources.

Employment income - All income received as wages salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period.

Employment Insurance (EI) benefits - All Employment Insurance (EI) benefits received during the reference period before income tax deductions. It includes benefits for unemployment sickness maternity paternity adoption compassionate care work sharing retraining and benefits to self-employed fishers received under the federal EI Program or the Québec parental insurance plan.

The reference period for these variables is calendar year 2019. These variables are intended for comparison with their 2020 equivalent and other 2019 income variables. Income for 2019 is presented in 2020 constant dollars.

Median income - The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves i.e. the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median while those of the other half are above the median incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group. Average incomes of individuals are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

[105] Employment income - All income received as wages salaries and commissions from paid employment and net self-employment income from farm or non-farm unincorporated business and/or professional practice during the reference period. The reference period for this variable is calendar year 2019. The variable is intended for comparison with its 2020 equivalent and other 2019 income variables. Income for 2019 is presented in 2020 constant dollars.

[106] Low-income status - The income situation of the statistical unit in relation to a specific low-income line in a reference year. Statistical units with income that is below the low-income line are considered to be in low income. For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

Prior to the 2021 Census the LIM thresholds and the LIM low income statistics were derived and reported for the population residing outside of the territories and off reserve only. It was based on the consideration that the income prices and expenditure patterns could be quite different in the territories and on reserve and thus could make the interpretation of the LIM low-income statistics difficult.

Since the 2016 Census there were research studies that analyzed the feasibility of defining LIM thresholds that include the population living in the territories and on reserve and examined the aspects that should be considered when interpreting low-income statistics based on this definition. With the guidance and support of such research the 2021 Census expanded the coverage of the LIM concept to all regions in Canada making it the only low-income concept that is applicable to the population living in the territories and on reserve.

Low-income measure after tax (LIM-AT) - The Low-income measure after tax refers to a fixed percentage (50%) of median-adjusted after-tax income of private households. The household after-tax income is adjusted by an equivalence scale to take economies of scale into account. This adjustment for different household sizes reflects the fact that a household's needs increase but at a decreasing rate as the number of members increases.

Using data from the 2021 Census of Population the line applicable to a household is defined as half the Canadian median of the adjusted household after-tax income multiplied by the square root of household size. The median is determined based on all persons in private households where low-income concepts are applicable. Thresholds for specific household sizes are presented in Table 2.4 Low-income measures thresholds (LIM-AT and LIM-BT) for private households of Canada 2020 Dictionary Census of Population 2021.

When the unadjusted after-tax income of household pertaining to a person falls below the threshold applicable to the person based on household size the person is considered to be in low income according to LIM-AT. Since the LIM-AT threshold and household income are unique within each household low-income status based on LIM-AT can also be reported for households.

Low-income cut-offs after tax (LICO-AT) - The Low-income cut-offs after tax refers to an income threshold defined using 1992 expenditure data below which economic families or persons not in economic families would likely have devoted a larger share of their after-tax income than average to the necessities of food shelter and clothing. More specifically the thresholds represented income levels at which these families or persons were expected to spend 20 percentage points or more of their after-tax income than average on food shelter and clothing. These thresholds have been adjusted to current dollars using the all-items Consumer Price Index (CPI).

The LICO-AT has 35 cut-offs varying by seven family sizes and five different sizes of area of residence to account for economics of scale and potential differences in cost of living in communities of different sizes. These thresholds are presented in Table 2.5 Low-income cut-offs after tax (LICO-AT - 1992 base) for economic families and persons not in economic families 2020 Dictionary Census of Population 2021.

When the after-tax income of an economic family member or a person not in an economic family falls below the threshold applicable to the person is considered to be in low income according to LICO-AT. Since the LICO-AT threshold and family income are unique within each economic family low-income status based on LICO-AT can also be reported for economic families.

Prevalence of low income - The proportion or percentage of units whose income falls below a specified low-income line.

[107] The Market Basket Measure (MBM) refers to Canada's official measure of poverty based on the cost of a specific basket of goods and services representing a modest basic standard of living developed by Employment and Social Development Canada (ESDC). The†MBM†thresholds represent the costs of specified qualities and quantities of food clothing shelter transportation and other necessities for a reference family of two adults and two children. The square root of economic family size is the equivalence scale used to adjust the†MBM†thresholds for other family sizes. This adjustment for different family sizes reflects the fact that an economic family's needs increase but at a decreasing rate as the number of members increases.

The†MBM†basket (2018-base)†is priced for 53†different geographic areas - 19†specific communities and 34†population centre size and province combinations. The†MBM†recognises the potential differences in the cost of the basket between similar-sized communities in different provinces and between different geographical regions within provinces. These thresholds are presented in Table 2.2 Market Basket Measure (MBM) thresholds for economic families and persons not in economic families 2020 †Dictionary Census of Population 2021.

The income measure used to compare against the†MBM†thresholds is the disposable income for the†MBM. When the disposable income for the†MBM†of an economic family or a person not in economic family falls below the threshold applicable to the family or the person or every member in the case of an economic family is considered to be in poverty according to†MBM. Since the†MBM†threshold and disposable income are unique within each economic family low-income status based on†MBM†can also be reported for economic families.

For the 2021†Census the reference period for low-income data is the calendar year†2020.

[108] Poverty rate - The proportion or percentage of units whose income falls below a specified poverty line.

[109] Low-income status - The income situation of the statistical unit in relation to a specific low-income line in a reference year. Statistical units with income that is below the low-income line are considered to be in low income. For the 2021 Census the reference period for income data is the calendar year 2020 unless otherwise specified.

Prior to the 2021 Census the LIM thresholds and the LIM low income statistics were derived and reported for the population residing outside of the territories and off reserve only. It was based on the consideration that the income prices and expenditure patterns could be quite different in the territories and on reserve and thus could make the interpretation of the LIM low-income statistics difficult.

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Prevalence of low income - The proportion or percentage of units whose income falls below a specified low-income line.

Data quality:

Nunavik [Inuit region], Quebec

Total non-response (TNR) rate, short-form census questionnaire: 22.8%

Total non-response (TNR) rate, long-form census questionnaire: 25.3%

Source: Statistics Canada, 2021 Census of Population.

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